THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1873. [VOLUME VI--NUMBER 37

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, AUGUST 2, 1873.

Summary of State News.

THOMASVILLE.

The Thomasville ladies gave a concert last Wednesday night, and raised sixty dollars for church purposes.——The Ciceronian Debating Club of Thomasville celebrate their seventh anniversary early in August. The Rev. Charles S. Rockwell will deliver the address on the subject of "American Culture."——The Board of Trustees for Fletcher Institute held a meeting on last Friday, and elected Mr. O'D. Scott, of Atlanta, Principal.——The cry of caterpillars continues to spread. It is very doubtful if there is a farm in the county on which they could not be found.—*Southern Enterprise.*

Mr. Gus Stark, of Thomasville, had a slight disagreement with his mule the other day. Result, a smashed buggy and a broken wrist.

GRIFFIN.

The religious meeting at the Presbyterian Church still continues, and much interest is being manifested.——Quite a number of the Griffinites are rusticating a' the Indian Springs.——There are more old people living in the immediate vicinity of Griffin than any other section of the country, and we are yet to hear of the first one who had any acquaintance with George Washington.—*News.*

DAHLONEGA.

We have been blessed with refreshing showers in this and surrounding localities during the past week. Crops are growing rapidly.——An interesting revival is progressing at Jones Chapel under Rev. W. A. Dodge.——Visitors are still crowding Porter's Springs.——The Signal publishes a list of names of gentlemen who have pledged themselves to give the North Georgia College $20 per annum for five years.—*Signal.*

COVINGTON.

The Local of the Enterprise says: "The sluggish town boy now revels in the luxury of an undisturbed wallow, around our public pumps, and the merry cackle of the miller's geese is daily heard in our midst." What a spot that young man would make with a little effort.——The darkies of Covington are passing through the fiery ordeal of a revival at their church, and the meek voice of the converted African is sweetly wafted skyward on the wings of the midnight breezes.—*Enterprise.*

GREENSBORO.

Married on the 20th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. M. M. Landrum, Mr. L. L. Glover and Miss Romelia N. Wheeler.—*Herald.*

ROME.

Marion McKenzie, a hopeful young Roman, sold his property in that city for $1,600 on Monday last, deserted a wife that he had recently married and ran away with another woman.——Joe Flanagan, another hopeful Roman, has been recently engaged in a highway robbery scrape over the Oostanaula.——In the 29th inst. a convention was held in Resaca to devise the means for the building of a steamboat. A building committee appointed at a previous meeting were instructed to build a boat at once for this service. It will be named "Resacca."—*Commercial.*

MARIETTA.

Miss Donnie Wallace, daughter of H. B. Wallace, of Marietta, died last Friday after a lingering illness.——On Tuesday night, August 5th, the citizens of Acworth give an ice-cream and fruit festival for the benefit of the Presbyterian church.—*Journal.*

MACON.

A Macon merchant created a sensation at his hotel, the other day, by appearing at the dinner table on dishabille. Business presses upon the alleged reason of the accident, but it will not probably occur again.——There is a movement on hand, in the musical circles of Macon, to have a grand musical festival during the State Fair. Musicians from Savannah, Atlanta, Columbus and Augusta will be invited to take part. The proceeds are to be given to the Sisters of Charity to assist in building their new house.——Warren Dukes, colored, late clerk in the Macon post-office, was accidently shot in the ankle, on last Wednesday, while out hunting. His foot has been amputated.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

CARTERSVILLE.

A Cartersville man saw killed the other day a snake which had only sixty-three young ones in her. Who comes next.——A Cartersville lady who wanted some chicken for dinner, caught a buxom yellow-legged hen and stretched her neck out on the block for decapitation. The first blow with the axe landed with remarkable accuracy just on her left hind. Three fingers, however, and half a thumb were left her. The hen still attends to her dairy duties, and has not been troubled since.

Health of Vice-President Wilson--The Senate a Centre of Political Gaiety--How the Leaders Struggle for the Place, Etc.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—It now seems to be generally taken for granted that Vice President Wilson's condition is such as to preclude him from resuming his chair as President of the Senate. This leaves open to Mr. Carpenter the honor of being the presiding officer of the body, he having been selected as the caucus nominee for President pro tem. immediately after Mr. Wilson's inauguration into the Vice-Presidency. Mr. Carpenter's term in the Senate expires, however, in March, 1875, and he is already toasting about all available means to secure his re-election.

BACK PAY BUSINESS.

Those he undertook to defend and justify, and he helped him. His principal competitor for the Senatorship will be Representative Washburne, who came very near defeating him at his last election. Mr. Carpenter is being, as powers to have his colleague, Senator Howe, appointed as Chief Justice. In this event Mr. Howe's seat in the Senate would go to Washburne, who would then be out of Mr. Carpenter's way. It is probable that if elected Mr. Howe would accept the position of Chief Justice, although he has announce him as a scoundrel and a blackguard. The editor of the Cincinnati, in charging that Grant is working for a third term, lies. The editor of the Cincinnati is charging that Keck paid forty dollars for an editorial in the Gazette, and in charging that Keck told him so, is guilty of double lying.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

NEXT TO THE PRESIDENCY,

The position of Senator is looked upon by the most public men of the country as the next best thing to get for. There are half a dozen Governors of States who are anxious to vacate their places at the head of great commonwealths to get on the floor of the United States Senate. Then we have the spectacle of Butler, in Massachusetts, and his son-in-law, Ames, in Mississippi, working with the most desperate energy to get they may use the power thus obtained as a stepstone to the Senate.

THE PICK OF THE HIGH PLACES.

It is no secret here that when President Grant was first elected, Senator Morton, who had the portfolio of the Treasury Department, had designs upon the White House. Afterwards the President tendered the Kentucky diplomatic position under the Spain refused to leave the Senate. The position was then offered to Mr. Thurman, of New Jersey, who also declined, he was then expecting to be returned to the Senate. Mr. Boutwell left the head of the Treasury Department to go into the Senate. Mr. Delano is very anxious to get the Interior to follow him, and if by

J. H. ELLSWORTH.
L. H. HALL.

POSTMASTER GENERAL CRESWELL would be returned to surrender the control of the mails and re-enter the Senate. But recently ex-President, immediately after his retirement from office, sought to get into the Senate which body he had already served several terms, and within a year or two we have heard of as much as $100,000 being paid for a seat in the Senate.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

NOON DISPATCHES.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKLES.

LARGE FIRE IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, August 2.—The building of the National Dock and Warehouse Company on Levee street, east Boston, was burned. It contained jute, hemp, gunny bags, sugar, etc. All perc. The loss is estimated at $475,000.

DEBIT AND CREDIT SWINDLERS.

PITTSBURG, August 2.—A couple about two months ago married and were not happy. The wife was killed with a razor. The husband was jealous of his wife.

RAILROAD THIEVES ARRESTED.

CRESTLINE, Ohio, August 1.—Twenty employees of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad have been arrested, charged with stealing from the trains a large amount of property found in their houses.

ROBBER MURDERED.

MEMPHIS, August 1.—The Governor offers five hundred dollars for conviction of Moore's assassins, and commutes for Eaton's sentence to life imprisonment.

MY OFFICER DEAD.

PORTLAND, August 1.—George A. Brown, naval paymaster is dead—at 22.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—The Marine Hospital, on Common street, with cost the government $300,000 was sold for $3,100.

THE CHICAGO WHEAT CORNER.

CHICAGO, August.—There are no failures from the wheat corner, though some parties were tightly squeezed.

THE GRANGES AT HORSE RACING AT FAIRS.

LAWRENCE, Ks., August 1.—The State Grange passed resolutions protesting the prominence given horse racing at fairs.

TWO MEN HUNG.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Nichols and Hohehan, the murderers of McLaughley, were executed to-day.

CHOLERA IN ILLINOIS.

CARMI, August.—The cholera is fearful. Fourteen deaths have occurred within one week.

BY YORK FATALITIES.

NEW YORK, August 1.—A train on the Flushing and South Side Railroad struck a carriage, killing the husband and fatally injuring the wife and child.

Isador Knowellville drank, struck his wife in the stomach, killing it.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A Section Completed--A Big Jollification Over it.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—The railroad from Marshall to Dallas, is completed, 190 miles from Shreveport. Barbecues in honor of the event.

German Immigrants.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—The delegates and minglers from the eastern part of Prussia, after their trip over the Northern Pacific railroad, favor the sentiment that that that they number forty thousand, and propose emigration to avoid military service, which their tenet forbid.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

The Insurgent Reckless--Strong Debate in Cortes--The New Loan--Cailist Success and Discouragement.

MADRID, August 1.—In the Cortes to-day Senor Damousoules, Minister of War, read a dispatch that the insurgents had recommenced firing upon the city of Almodia.

The insurgents' projectiles have demolished the house occupied by the German Consul, notwithstanding the Consular flag was flying.

In the Cortes to-day, the deputies of the left protested against the proposition to offer thanks to the citizens of Almodia for their revolt to the Republic. Angry exclamations from members of the majority followed the protest.

Senor Mentoro made a speech in which he defended the proceedings of the insurgents.

Newberg, of the majority, again protested against the course of the deputies of the Left.

A passionate debate followed, attended by a scene of great confusion.

The insurgents at Cartagena attempted to fit out two iron clads to assist the vessels assigned in the attack upon Almodia, but found their supply of coal insufficient.

The insurgents at Cartagena have made an effort to place a loan in London and failed to secure offers.

A body of seven hundred insurgents from Carthagena supprised the garrison of Orchuela, in the Province of Alicante, and captured that town, and are now marching upon the city Alicante.

The insurgents in Valencia are reported as becoming more discouraged. General Montwez anticipates an early victory over them.

AN OREGON DEMOCRAT JOINS THE REPUBLICANS.—To whom it may concern: The Democratic party of the State having in my judgment abandoned its principles, and being no longer worthy of the confidence of support of the citizens, I hereby resign my position as Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, and renounce all further allegiance to the so-called Democratic party, and believing as I do that the Republican party is the true party of progress and best calculated to promote the welfare of the people and nation, it shall henceforward receive my unqualified support. Very respectfully,

J. A. CHAMAN.

Portland, Oregon, July 15, 1873.

JOURNALISTIC ATROCITIES IN CINCINNATI. The editor of the Enquirer, in charging that the President had raised two years' extra pay, did, with malice aforethought, pen a deliberate falsehood, for so doing we denounce him as a scoundrel and a blackguard. The editor of the Commercial, in charging that Grant is working for a third term, lies. The editor of the Commercial is charging that Keck paid forty dollars for an editorial in the Gazette, and in charging that Keck told him so, is guilty of double lying.—*Cincinnati Court of the Gazette.*

☞ An English tech[illegible] periodical points out an easy way of [illegible] whether water is good and fit for general use. It says: "Good water should be free from color, unpleasant odor and taste, and should quickly afford a lather with a small quantity of soap. If half a pint of the water be placed in a perfectly clean, colorless glass-stoppered bottle, a few grains of the best white soap sugar added and the bottle freely exposed to the daylight in the window of a room, the liquid should not become turbid or deposit on exposure for a week or ten days. If it become turbid, it is open to the suspicion of sewerage contamination; if it remain clear, it is almost certainly safe. We owe to Heisch this simple test, but hitherto strangely neglected, test."

☞ [illegible] law [illegible] a client a man accused of murder, and that the principal witness in favor being his wife, who was incapable from giving testimony by reason of relation to him, he got the murder trial postponed, brought suit for divorce in her [illegible]

☞ According to the Hudson, N. Y. Register a combination of some of the larger boot and shoe manufacturers of New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey, (most of the combination of Crispins, have recently purchased 800 acres of land on the Hudson, in the town of Stockport, and propose to erect the necessary buildings for manufactories and residences, and bring over from three to five thousand Swiss workmen and their families. Agents are now in Europe negotiating for this immigration. The property has a river front of two and a half miles, and is admirably situated for a thrifty and healthy settlement.

☞ The commerce of Charleston, S. C., is rapidly increasing, and the city is growing in wealth and importance. The merchants evince considerable sagacity and enterprise, and at present their efforts are chiefly directed to the promotion of the coast trade. The steamship managers have realized handsome profits from the spring and summer business, and are now making preparations for the autumn trade. The steamers will all be improved and refitted, and some of them are receiving new and larger boilers, and machinery to increase their power and carrying capacity.

☞ A certain little damsel having been aggravated beyond endurance by her brother plumped down on her knees and cried, "Oh, Lord! bless my brother Tom. He lies; he steals; he swears; all boys do; us girls don't. Amen."

☞ The Union City, Tennessee, Courier of the 25th reports twenty-nine deaths from cholera during the week in that village and the immediate vicinity, among them Dr. Wm. McDaniel, an old and respected citizen.

☞ In Tennessee the number of children of school age is about 400,000; school fund, $2,512,000; amount available for schools, $650,000.

☞ In Arkansas the number of children of school age is 194,314; number of persons attending school, 32,863; teachers, 2,036; amount paid teachers, $355,635.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton irregular; middlings 20½; sales 1,332 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened as follows: August, 19½a19 7-16. September, 18¾. October, 17 15-16a18.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn steady. Pork firm; new mess $19 30a19 35. Lard dull and heavy western steam 9 9-16a9¾. Turpentine quiet at 43a43½. Rosin dull $3 05 for common strained. Freights firm.

Stocks steady. Gold 18¾. Money at 3a3½. Exchange—long 9; short 9¾. Governments dull. State bonds dull.

Arrived—City of New York and Costalia.

LONDON, August 1.—New 5s 93¾.

Tallow 42s 3d to 42s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, August 1, noon.—Cotton firm and tending up; uplands 9⅞; Orleans 9¾; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000.

LATER.—Cotton—Savannah and Charleston, September and October delivery, not below low middlings 8 13-16.

Lard 38s.

STILL LATER—Cotton sales for the week 111,000 bales; export 11,000; speculation 16,000; stock 848,000; American 355,000; receipts 39,000; American 24; actual export 7,000; afloat 379,000; American 53,000. Breadstuffs quiet.

Market Reports--From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, August 1, 1873.

Cotton—Middling, 16¼; low middling 15¾a16; good ordinary, 13 1-2; ordinary, 11; inferior 8a11.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $9 00a10 00; family $7 50a9 00; extra $6 50a7 50 superfine, $6 0a6 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat—Red, $1 50a1 6C; amber $1 00a1 65; choice white, $1 65a1 70.

Lime—45a50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 83c by car load, cash, and white 88c.

Meal, 88-90c.

Lard—Tierce, 10¼a11; keg, 11½; bucket, 11¼a12.

Bacon—clear sides 12a12½; clear rib 11¾a12; shoulders 10¼a10½. Sugar cured hams 17a17½.

Bulk—clear sides 11 1-4; clear rib 11; shoulders 8 3-4.

Hay—$1 50a1 65.

Oats 52a55.

Coal—Lump, by car load, at 26c; blacksmith, 22½.

Iron Ties—Arrow, 9 1-2a9 3-4 per pound. The above are the quotations of wholesale prices to-day as given by the committee on quotations of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, August 1, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Cotton quiet and nominal at 16½.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

Money, 1a1½ per cent.

Gold—Buying at 1 14; selling at 1 16.

Silver—Buying 1 06, selling 1 10.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 70a75; 7s, 86a88; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 93a95; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 83a86. Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock, 79a81. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah, 83.

Corn—White 86a87½, cash.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Mocа 32a35; Rio 23¼a25.

Lard—Tierces 10¼a10½; cans, buckets and kegs 11½.

Liquors—Corn whisky $1 00a2 00; Rye 1 00a2 00; Robinson county 2 00a2 50; Bourbon 1 00a3 00; Irish and Scotch 4 00a6 00; Brandy—peach and apple 2 25a3 50. Cognac 1 50a12 00; cherry and ginger 1 50a2 00; gin 1 25a5 00; rum 1 50a8 00; Champaigne 20 00a45 00 basket; wines, various brands, 1 75a6 00.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 8½; Arnold, 10; Albions, 11; Spragues, 11, Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11; Candles—Full weights 20 1-2a21.

Tobacco—Common sound stock, winter work 43; medium 1873, summer work 48a50; medium bright 55a60; fine as above, according to grade, 60a75; W. D. Stultz's AAAA about exhausted; 1 10, bright navy 6s 55a60; black navy 50a52; J. Whitted, ambrosia, 4 oz 75a80; Corbin's No. 1 80a85.

Hay—Western timothy $1 65; clover at 60.

Molasses—Hogshead 37; barrels 39; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Powder and Shot—Rifle, F. F. F. G., per keg, $7 50; half, 4 15; quarter, 2 35; canister, F. F. F. G., 1 lb., per case 25 lbs., 15 00; American, 21 00; electric, No. 1, 2, 3, 30 00; 5 lbs. canister, per canister, 2 50; duck, sporting, 4 00; blasting powder, bright grazed, 1 7, 2 4, 3 4, 5 25.

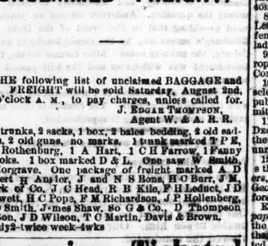
Salt—Liverpool $3 25a3 30; Virginia $2.

Sugars—Crushed 13½; powdered 13½; granulated 13; Demarra 13 1-2a12 standard A 12¾; extra C 12; yellow C 11¾; brown 10¼a11 1-2.

Cotton Goods—Granitesville, 3-4 sheetings, 9 per yard, 7-8 sheetings 11 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drills 13 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 9 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 11 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 13 per yard, 7-8 drill 13 per yard. Montour—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 4 oz. osnaburgs 16 1-2. Alabama and Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard. Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10½ per yard. Chattahoochee—4-4 sheetings 12 per yard. Athens—Checks 14 1-2 per yard, stripes 13 per yard, yarns, all numbers, $1 20 per bunch. Troup—8 oz. osnaburgs 15 1-2 per yard, 8 oz. checks and stripes 16 per yard. Richmond—Light osnaburgs 12

pound. Willcoxon—Cotton yarns, All Nos., $1 50 per bunch, knitting cotton 70 per pound. Woodstock—Cotton yarns, all Nos., $1 50 per bunch. Concord woolen goods—Spring and summer cassimeres 65a75; winter cassimeres 90a$1 25; jeans 75a85.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12½c; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c



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Libel for Divorce.

STATE OF GEORGIA.—Joseph L. Robinson vs. Mary E. Robinson—Fulton Superior Court, April Term, 1873. Rule 10 perfect service.

It appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that she does not reside in this State, it is, on motion of counsel, Ordered, that the said defendant appear and answer at the next term of this court, else that the case be considered in default and the plaintiff be allowed to proceed; and it is further ordered that this rule be published in the Atlanta Sun once a month for four months.

This June 10th, 1873.

GARTRELL & STEPHENS, Attorneys for Libelant.

A true extract from the minutes of the Superior Court of Fulton county. W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

july15-lam4m

AT THE INSTANCE OF

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens,

I AM PREPARING

A Memorial Volume

OF HIS LAMENTED BROTHER,

Judge Linton Stephens.

FRIENDS who may have in reserve any of his letters which would aid my labor will greatly oblige me by the loan of the [illegible]. If sent by express to Marietta, they will be care[illegible] kept, and returned in the course of a few months.

JAMES D. WADDELL, Marietta, Ga.

july23—4tt

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may31—dtf

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2. It has the sole and exclusive right of publishing the DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT from the Reporter of the Court. These Decisions are delivered on Monday of every week and are *immediately* published in THE CONSTITUTION. Hence every lawyer in Georgia should take the paper, and the great proportion do subscribe.

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4. THE CONSTITUTION publishes a weekly *Cotton Editorial*, embracing remarks on the Gold Premium and all matters affecting the cotton trade, with *statistics* of the several interior cotton markets. Producers and dealers in cotton, not alone in Georgia, but all over the country, procure THE CONSTITUTION for these articles.

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6. Besides our Daily Associated Press Dispatches, THE CONSTITUTION has *specials* from Washington, the National Capital.

7. Its Correspondence Department is unsurpassed in the South, having special correspondents at Washington, New York, and in various parts of the country.

8. THE CONSTITUTION publishes a monthly Fashion Letter from New York, written by the most celebrated female Fashion writer in the United States. The ladies, therefore, all want THE CONSTITUTION.

9. A new feature for this year will be Weekly Financial Correspondence, by which the readers of THE CONSTITUTION will be taken on a tour through Europe.

10. The ablest writers and statesmen of Georgia select THE CONSTITUTION to give their views to public, and so do the people, and hence it is the unlimited leading Democratic Journal of the State.

11. The two great SPECIALTIES, our SUPREME COURT DECISIONS for the lawyers, and our COTTON articles for the merchants and farmers, make THE CONSTITUTION unrivalled in this part of the South.

12. For the reasons given above, THE CONSTITUTION is the paper for all classes, lawyers, merchants, farmers, mechanics and others, circulates in every county of Georgia, has the largest State circulation, is, therefore, the favorite medium for ADVERTISERS.

Every Georgian should, after taking his own *local paper*, subscribe for THE CONSTITUTION, published at the Capital of his State; and we would here return thanks to the people for a patronage, that has culminated in the *grandest newspaper success* known in the Southern States. THE CONSTITUTION, not yet five years old, has attained a circulation never reached by a Daily paper in Georgia, and has erected a magnificent five-story building of its own, as complete as any in the United States, giving employment to *seventy or eighty* persons daily, and running a half dozen presses by steam. Visitors to Atlanta are cordially invited to call and examine THE CONSTITUTION building and its powerful presses, printing four or five thousand papers per hour.

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HOWELL C. JACKSON, } Associate Editors.
N. P. T. FINCH, }
E. Y. CLARKE, Managing Editor.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.
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FULTON SUPERIOR COURT

April Term, 1873.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Edward N. Kimball.—Petition to Foreclose Mortgage.

THE Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, by their Attorneys at Law, B. H. Hill & Son, having duly filed their petition to the Superior Court at the present Term, for foreclosure of their Mortgage, and which petition contains a statement of the case—being a sealed bond for a debt made by Edward N. Kimball and John Rice to petitioners, and secured by a Mortgage executed by said E. N. Kimball, and the amount of petitioners' demand being the sum of Sixty Thousand Dollars, principal debt, besides interest, cost, insurance and commissions; and, also, a description of the property Mortgaged—being the Lots Nos. 81, 82 and 83, and comprising the property in the city of Atlanta, known as "Kimball Opera House."

Whereupon, is it ordered and adjudged by the Court, that the said Edward N. Kimball, his heirs or assigns, do pay the principal, interest and costs aforesaid into Court on or before the first day of the next October Term, 1873, of this Court, or show cause at said Term why the said sums or any part thereof should not be paid or judgment will be entered as prayed by the petitioners.

It is further ordered and directed, that this rule shall be published once a month for four months, or served on the said E. N. Kimball or his special agent or attorney at least three months previous to the first day of the next Term of this Court.

By order of the Court.

B. H. HILL & SONS, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court, May 30, 1873.

may31—d1sm4m W. K. VENABLE, Clerk.

NOTICE.

John H. Mitchell, Robert Mitchell and Sarah J. Kendall vs. Joseph E. Brown, O. A. Lochrane, H. I. Kimball, et al.—Bill for Account, Reclaim and Relief, in the Superior Court of the County of Fulton and State of Georgia.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that Hannibal I. Kimball, one of the defendants in the above stated case, is not to be found in the said county of Fulton; and it, further, appearing that said Kimball resides out of said State of Georgia, it is on motion: Ordered by the Court that said Hannibal I. Kimball be cited by publication to be and appear at the next Superior Court to be held in and for said county on the first Monday after the first Monday in September next, then and there to make answer in the premises, as in default thereof the Court will proceed as to justice may appertain.

And, further, that the publication of this order once a month for four months in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, shall be deemed and held a compliance therewith and a sufficient service of said defendant.

By the Court.

R. TOOMBS,
H. W. BECK,
BOYNTON & DISMUKES,
Complainant's Solicitors.

HOTELS.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY TIRRE HOUSE.)

Dalton, Ga.

O'NEILL & BARCLAY, Prop'rs.

O'NEILL, JOHN BARCLAY.

y26-dtf

Hammett House.

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.

THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is conveniently to the central part of the town. The house has been newly refitted and refitted, and the table will always be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will spare no pains or expense to please his patrons. Mrs. Hammett, (formerly Mrs. Watkins, of Talbotton,) is connected with the house, and would be pleased to see her old friends.

jan22—tawly—dtf

THE COUCHE HOUSE,

KINGSTON GEORGIA.

T. P. COUCHE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor of this establishment would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious Hotel is now finished and ready for the reception of visitors. His rooms are all large and comfortable, and are now being furnished with new furniture throughout, and his guests may rest assured that nothing will be left undone to make them comfortable. He pledges himself that his table will be supplied with the very best the market affords. The excellent climate and delightful water of this section of Georgia, is rapidly bringing Kingston to the attention of our fellow country friends.

apr29—dtf

MRS. E. M. STOVALL,

PROPRIETRESS of The Barlow House) Cartersville, Ga. Having recently taken charge of this House, she has thoroughly renovated and refurnished it, in all its departments, and is now prepared to afford to the traveling public entertainment adequate to the times, at moderate prices. She has also secured additional rooms, is prepared to accommodate a few families with Board. Summer visitors will find Cartersville one of the healthiest localities in the South.

apr24-dtf P. S. SHELMAN.

BARLOW HOUSH

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

Is First-Class and in Business Center,

WILEY JONES & CO., Proprietors.

Board per month, with room.....$30 00
Board per month, without room.....20 00
Board per day.....2 00
Single lodging or meal.....50
may24-dtf WILEY JONES & CO.

CANNON HOUSE,

Recently St. James Hotel,

Marietta Street.....Gate City Block,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

BOARD PER DAY, $2. Three or four good rooms for families. mar6—dtf

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to R. Thorn.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call and he guarantees to give entire satisfaction

THE YANCY HOTEL,

BY MISS S. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA.

WOULD respectfully inform her numerous patrons of the Dougherty House, that she has recently purchased the Brick Hotel in Newnan, Georgia, (better known as the McDowell House,) where she would be pleased to see her old friends and the travelling public. She pledges herself that nothing will be left undone to make guests comfortable.

jan5-dtf Prof. Wm. WELLS, Clerk.

Sims House.

LA GRANGE, GEORGIA,

THOMAS W. McGEE.....Proprietor.

THIS House is undergoing the most thorough repairs and will be fitted out in the next few days with new Furniture. The traveling public will find the very best the market affords. Charges moderate

jan10-dtf

GLOBE HOTEL.

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses Buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

june8-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

BARNES'

Albany House,

Corner Pine and Jackson St's,

ALBANY, GA.

MERRICK BARNES, PROPRIETOR.

Omnibus to and from all trains jan15-tf

CARD.

JEFF. DAVIS HOUSE

Near the corner of Depot and Market streets,

NEWNAN.....GEORGIA.

A NEW HOTEL, NEW FURNITURE, everything new except the Proprietor, who will be pleased to see old and new friends.

July25-dtmo L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

Madison House.

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, tavelids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable.

apr13—dtf FISH & MORGAN, Proprietors.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DOCTOR JESSE BORING has resumed the Practice of Medicine in Atlanta. Office with Foster & Thomson, Kimball House. Residence, corner corner of Houston and Ivy streets.

july24—d1mo

JNO. H. JAMES, Banker, James' Block.

june1-dly

H. H. CARLTON & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENCY, Athens, Georgia. july22 d6mo

DR. R. S. MILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.

may27-dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEHALL street, Atlanta, Ga. june7—d1y

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Mann's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr18—dtf

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.—WM. W. SHARP, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Rooms on Broad street, a few doors below the Sun office. Terms $8 per month for 16 lessons, one hour each. He also instructs BRASS BANDS, and arranges Music for them. aug6—dly

LAWYERS.

M. VAN ETTEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of the Western Circuit, Supreme Court of the State, and in the District Court of the United States at Atlanta.

july15-d3m

JASPER N. DORSEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville,

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1873.

Brevities.

The debt of Boston is $23,799,000.

Longfellow is at Nahant, busily declining invitations to dinner parties.

Lanra Fair has struck a balance sheet, and finds it cost $11,100 to settle Crittenden's case.

Charlotte Cushman is very charitable to the poor in and around Newport, and is doing a great deal of good.

The Rev. Phoebe Banford has been won from her New Haven pulpit by the offer of a larger salary in Jersey City.

Only seven miles of gap remain to be completed on the Texas Pacific Railroad between Shreveport and Dallas, Texas.

The custom of throwing rice after a bride is Chinese. The custom of throwing the boot-jack after her is American.

Vice-President Wilson will never exercise the functions of his office. The paralytic stroke has affected his face and impaired his speech.

Thirteen inches in circumference is the measurement of an apple grown on a farm on Hill's Prairie, according to the Bastrop (Texas) Advertiser.

Mrs. Ally Snipes, more familiarly known as grandmother Snipes, died in Hart county, Georgia, at the age of one hundred and four years.

John C. Breckinridge is 53 years of age. He was counsel for Gideon Pillow in Mexico, where the latter was court-martialed, and made a brilliant defense of that ill-used General.

The Albany Argus states a great truth in a very few words thus: "How to make money—how to become personally rich—is the main study of the administration officials."

There are now some 650 guests at the White Sulphur, some 350 at the Montgomery Springs, Alleghany some 225, Yellow Sulphur 250, the Healing and Warm Springs some 100 each.

The leading ladies of fashion for the season, writes a Newport correspondent, are Mrs. Colonel Jerome Bonaparte, of Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. J. Marion Sims, of New York, and Madame Noailles, wife of the French Minister.

The Mayor of St. Louis has appointed Andrew A. Blair, son of General Frank P. Blair, Inspector of Gas Meters and Illuminating Gas. The salary is $4,000 per annum, payable by the gas companies. Mr. Blair is associated with the Professor of Chemistry in the St. Louis University.

"You have broken every tie," said a sentimental young lady to her horse, as together with her saddle she fell off, yesterday evening. "Yes, Miss, he have dogged buss his gurl," said a practical old negro, as he drew a jack-knife and proceeded to repair damages.

A Philadelphia surgeon was called the other day to a house up town to amputate the leg of a woman. He is a near-sighted man, and when he reached the house he got into the wrong room and calmly sawed off the limb of the servant girl, who was a German, who had come over two days before, and who thought it was one of the customs of the country.

They say that when the news of his mother's death reached the Shah at Berlin he sent home the Shahesses, and declared that the royal grief should be postponed until his return to Persia, which reminds Kate Field of the Yankee woman who, upon being told at dinner of her husband's death, exclaimed, "Just wait until I've done eating, and I'll show you some tall crying."

A fearful combat with a monstrous reptile took place in Peoria, recently, according to a local paper, which says: "A rural gentleman, visiting a friend in the third ward, found in the back yard, after dusk, an immense snake lying in the grass. He procured an axe, and when he had chopped the reptile into about a dozen pieces, he discovered it to be a garden hose, which had not been properly hung up in the coal shed."

Five young Belgians lately laid a wager that they would remain awake continuously for seven days. They kept up all manner of exciting exercises, and drank large quantities of coffee, and one of them won the bet, though with the loss of twenty five pounds in weight. Two fell asleep after one hundred and thirty hours, one was seized with it flammation of the lungs and had to give in to save his life, and the other fell asleep on horseback and fell off and broke his arm.

This is the way they caged a rhinoceros at Ithaca, according to a local paper: "A cable chain was attached to each of his legs, and one around his neck, and these were coupled to locomotives on each of our railroads. The orgines were then started. Pulling in five different directions, his behemothship had nothing left to fight with but his tail, and that was lashed to a church spire by a wire rope. Being rendered harmless by these guys, a new wagon was built around him, and thus he was secured."

She was a lovely girl, and was dressed in exquisite taste. Her heavy, nut brown tresses were gathered in a coil about her proudly poised head, and grace characterized her every movement as she tripped lightly across Cedar street yesterday afternoon, and although she must have known that she was the object of many admiring glances and complimentary remarks, she seemed to be entirely unconscious of the fact. She was also unconscious of the fact that, owing to her low shoes, she exposed to view a tremendous hole in the heel of each stocking, as she raised her skirts slightly in crossing the street.

A number of stockholders of the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad have filed a bill in the Circuit Court at Richmond asking for an injunction against President Ragland of that line and the appointment of a receiver to take the property and operate the road. The bill alleges that the persons now in possession of the road voted themselves $350,000 as back dividends on stock which they claimed to own, and annual salary of $12,000 to Ragland as President. It also charges misappropriation of the proceeds of bonds amounting to $500,000, for building the branch road from Petersburg to City Point, and demands from defendants a full explanation of these operations in connection with the management of the road. The case will be heard on Friday of next week.

Associate Editor.

Mr. J. D. Alexander has become associate editor of the Cultivator, published at Griffin, Ga. The Cultivator is an excellent paper, and we are pleased to note such a valuable accession as it has in our friend, one of the former successful proprietors of the Star.

Spain Getting Hot.

The news from Spain is getting lively. The war waxes warm. The information that the Carlists are turning church bells into money, and running a Commune schedule of agrarianism and forced reduction of rents and prices looks serious and earnest.

The thing has certainly got past child's play. Desperate men are at desperate antagonism, and somebody is bound to be hurt.

Wise and His Balloon Venture.

One of the most remarkable projects of this daring age is that of Professor Wise to cross the ocean in a balloon. And the thing loses none of its interest from the fact that a bold daily newspaper furnishes the funds to carry out the enterprise for the privilege of first publishing the narrative of its execution and results.

The project is no hap-hazard venture loosely and recklessly done, but it is a cool, deliberate, scientific calculation, prepared on scientific ideas, wrought out in special reference to the requirements of science, and guarded by every possible prevision of human forethought and prudence.

We give elsewhere the intensely interesting particulars of the matter, which will well repay perusal.

The scientific thoroughness of the preparation can only be understood by reading its details.

The venture forms as novel a combination of audacity and science as was ever con- [illegible] to be achieved.

To the Constitution's Subscribers in Southwestern Georgia.

The removal of the Macon and Western Railroad night train will not affect the same speedy delivery of our paper.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION will run a daily special engine between Macon and Atlanta.

The removal of the night train on the Macon and Western Railroad has rendered it impossible for us to deliver our morning paper to our subscribers in South Western Georgia on the same day of publication, under the regular railroad arrangements existing.

We have a large list of readers in that section, who we do not desire to disappoint in getting THE CONSTITUTION on the day of publication.

In this contingency we applied to Mr. Wadley for a special engine for the use of the Atlanta papers. As we could not unite on a joint plan, we determined to go to the entire expense ourselves.

We pay $2,000 a month for this engine. Our readers on the Macon Road and in Southwestern Georgia will receive THE CONSTITUTION the same as heretofore.

We claim no special merit in this matter. We desire to simply keep THE CONSTITUTION apace with all proper business and news demands of the people.

Wheat Corner in Chicago.

The telegraph tells us that the wheat corner in Chicago has broken down. Wheat has dropped from $1 40 to $1 19.

☞ Resaca has just had a convention to devise means to build a steamboat to run from Carter's Landing on the Coosawathe through Rome to the Tennessee line on the Connesauga River.

☞ The Lancaster Intelligencer says: "For a long time—it may be said, indeed, with but few exceptions, since the war—the Democratic party has been inactive almost to indifference; yet it has always preserved its organization intact, and kept a watchful eye upon the situation of National and State affairs. For the close communion which it for a long time maintained, it was taunted with being laggard, and when it answered such taunts by making an advance and act cepting what was called a liberal view in politics, it was rewarded with a still more embittered thrust, of having abandoned its principles, and met, as it should have met, they say, with overwhelming defeat. The sacrifice the Democratic party then made, we say has both purified and strengthed it.

* * * In its old entrenched position, the Democratic party will recuperate its strength, receive new recruits—as it always has done when the emergency demanded it—perfect its organization, temporarily confused, hang out its old, time-honored banners, inscribed with principles which are imperishable, give utterances to its notes of battle, which so oft have wrung in clarion tones, through valleys and over mountains, to the music of which the true and good men of the land have so oft kept step, and once again, as of old, march to victory."

Georgia Crop News.

In ten days cotton has improved greatly in Jefferson county, says the News, save where the caterpillar has appeared. Corn is doing well.

In Washington county, says the Georgian, cotton looks fine. Much rain. A short drought would work irretrivable injury.

A Chronicle writer says crops in Wilkes are improving, but only a two-thirds crop can be made.

The Columbus Sun says crops are improving. Cotton is small.

In Lumpkin county the Signal says crops are growing rapidly. Rain plenty.

Caterpillar has come in all quarters in Lowndes. Mr. Wm. Crawford has a calico potato, a cross between a red and yam.

The Cartersville Standard says crops in Cherokee county are fine, both in corn and cotton. Etta wah bottoms will average forty bushels of corn to the acre, and cotton two bales to three acres.

The Griffin Cultivator tells us that in Henry county, more corn will be raised than any year since the war.

The crop prospects everywhere in Georgia are good.

Sound Advice.

"The order of the Patrons of Husbandry, however, have the power, with the almost illimitable influence and means at their command, to call into being *new* lines of transportation, or so to regulate their patronage as to coerce those in existence to abate their exorbitant demands, by concentrating their business with that organization which is most friendly to them."

We copy the above from the Macon Telegraph, of July 30th. That paper has given to the new order of Granges among the farmers the soundest possible advice upon the most important question before the country. That advice is, "do not make war upon the railroads." It may be their fault that freights are so high, or it may be their misfortune. If the latter, it cannot be cured by legislative restrictions. Under any circumstances, no good can grow out of such a warfare. It only antagonizes our industrial interests and must inevitably result in loss to all. The Grangers have it in their power to demand of the Government new outlets, new lines of transportation between the different portions of the country, and not only to demand, but to enforce that demand. That is the true policy. Open new routes, and let those routes be the cheapest possible. If railroads can be made to answer the demands of the country, then let us have railroads; and if canals be required, let us have canals, and first among them our Atlantic and Great Western Canal. We frankly confess that while we have always been the warm and constant advocate of railroads, we deem the canal an absolute necessity, and feel satisfied it will relieve the great want of the country It will give cheap freight and never become a monopoly. The charter declares it a free public highway upon which everybody will have a right to keep a boat and navigate it, if they like, upon the payment of a very small toll, which is fixed by the charter itself. This toll is designed to keep the work in repair and pay the interest upon the money invested in its construction. Let the Granges look to this matter. If cheap transportation is the great need of the farmer, it can be had by pursuing this course. Their true policy is to look to our material advancement.

Alabama News.

The Montgomery Advertiser:

The planters have used all the Paris Green that Montgomery could afford, and with satisfactory results so far as their experiments extend. It kills every worm that touches it and also kills all that eat the leaf after the preparation has apparently disappeared from it.

The Mobile Register: Wyatt R. Pryor, a son of Mrs. A. Pryor, about 12 years of age, residing at 97 St. Francis street, met his death about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in a singular manner. He was standing on the second story gallery in the rear of the house, and moving to throw some water from a basin in his hand, the railing which was old and rotten gave way. The boy fell to the brick pavement, twenty-five feet below; and striking upon his head, fractured his skull fatally. He lived for about an hour after the fall.

☞ The Harrisburg Patriot thinks Mr. Eisenbeck's recent letter "is but additional

GORGEOUS.

How the Parisians Honored the Shah of Persia.

Like a Fairy Dream.

A Brilliant Piece of Word Painting.

Valleys of Multi-Colored Stars.

[New York World Correspondence.]

PARIS, July 14.—"Thrice worthy of the golden prime of good Haroun Alraschid" were the fetes which Paris offered yesterday to the Shah. And, no doubt, if the "million tapers flaring bright from twisted silvers" could in any degree have equalled the bewildering beauty of the Fete de Nuit when Paris added to her terrestial magnificence her apotheoses in fire for Nasr-ed-Din's delectment last night. It was from La Place de la Concorde, whose superb fountains were illuminated in different colors, that the Shah began his fairy-like route which was to terminate at the superb palace which had been raised in a few days, as by an enchanter's wand, from whence he was to look at Paris done in gaslight and to witness the gorgeous pyrotechnical display imagined in his honor. His cortege followed the Avenue des Champs Elysees, which was bordered by garlands of light, while the adjacent fields were illuminated by thousands of Chinese lanterns, which gave it the effect of the "gardens of the Hesperides." As he approached the magnificent Arc de Triomphe all the beauty of its lines, proportions, and sculpture was thrown into relief by Bengal lights, while from its tremendous heights a thousand rockets kept sending up into the skies

A VOLLEY OF MULTICOLORED STARS.

From this point the route of the cortege followed the Avenue du Roi de Rome, which conducted the king of kings to the fairy-like palace at the Trocadero. Here, on the immense Place, twenty-five thousand invited spectators awaited the Shah's arrival, while all the surrounding heights were tapestried with a very carpet of heads. Under two very elegant pavilions the music of the Republican Guard, conducted by Paulus and Sellanche—the same which delighted American ears last summer on its visit to the monster musical celebration in Boston—played the Persian national air as the Shah descended from his carriage. Here he was met by the President of the Municipal Council, and was conducted up between two files of the Gardes de Paris to the Palace—as the beautiful building erected for this occasion was justly called. It was composed of a large centre building and two coveted halls capable of seating each a thousand spectators. The columns supporting it were gilded and hung about with crimson velvet draperies, while its cornice was beautifully ornamented with gilt mouldings.

The centre portion, devoted to the Shah and the President of the Republic, with respective suites, consisted of four salons hung in white and green silk and beautifully furnished, in one of which was spread a superb collation, where delicious fruits and ices, of which His Persian Majesty is exceeding fond, were in great profusion. In the salle d'honneur was erected a golden throne for the Shah, and a number of gilded chairs were placed here for the distinguished personages present. As the Shah entered this room he was met by the Marechal McMahon, whom he greeted most cordially, and took his place on the throne, having the President on his right, and M. Buffet, the President of the Assembly, on his left, while Mesdames McMahon and Buffet were seated next to the Marechal. At the moment that the Shah took his seat a flood of light illuminated all the Champs de Mars and displayed to him the enormous crowd gathered there, while a shout of "Vive le Shah" rent the air. Soon a gorgeous display of fireworks began, whose brilliancy and scintillating beauty it would be impossible for words to describe. After this was over the Shah was asked to turn his eyes to the left, where the illumination of Paris was begun by throwing Bengal lights upon all its superb edifices and monuments. First the Church of St. Augustin with its vast cupola appeared shining out from the black background. Then the new opera house shone out white as marble. Then the immense glass roof of the Palais de l'Industrie, each pane of which seemed to radiate lightning under the caresses of the jets of colored fire thrown upon it. Then Notre Dame, in all its

SUPERB TRACERY OF ARCHITECTURE

came out in red relief in the darkness. And the old remnant of mediæval Paris—Le Tour St. Janques—appeared a shining light. Then the great gilded dome of the Invalides, under whose spacious canopy rests the great Emperor glittered with its gilding; and in turn, as if created out of the air by some mystic magic, appearing for a moment and then dissolving into darkness, came the Pantheon, the churches of Val-de-Grace, Saint Chothilde, Saint Sulpice, etc., etc., and the Ecole Militaire. However, just at this moment Jupiter Pluvius, envious no doubt of the honors of his terrestial rival—the Shah—vented his anger in a violent but fortunately short-lived rain-storm, which for a while suspended the fete. But soon three coups d'artifice, fired from the Pont d'Jens, announced the forthcoming of the Girandola—the last piece—when from out a bouquet of 6,000 fusels appeared the arms of the Shah—the golden lion, with the sun darting up its fiery rays into the zenith. Now the fireworks are over, but a tremedous noise is heard, and soon a vast moving light appears at the foot of the hill of the Trocadero on the Quai de Billy. It is the "retraito des flambeaux" beginning, and the 6,000 musicians, composing the bands of the garrison of Paris and Versailles. On it comes, like a shining, sinuous serpent, winding up the hill. Soon the discord ceases as it nears the Place des Trocadero, and strain after strain of martial music meets one's ear, and the procession is clearly seen composed of 10,000 soldiers, each one carrying an illuminated colored lantern or else a flag of France or Persia. All the multicolored lanterns passed in every variety of form, globes and flowers and fruits, it looked like

SOME ENCHANTED GARDEN

suddenly endowed with powers of locomotion. It passed under the Shah's balcony and then defiled down the Avenue de Roi de Rome to the Arc de Triomphe, and thence took its way down the Champs-Elysees to the Place de la Concorde, and then through the Boulevards, which it followed till it reached its point of terminus, La place de la Bastille. All along its route thousands of people greeted its approach, and really all Paris was *en fete*. The Shah left the Trocadero and reached the Palais de Bourbon by the same route he had gone out, all his road being illuminated by rockets and Bengal lights, till one must think he fancy would have sought the relief of some shade for a while, so dazzling had been the evening's display. It seems "the successor of Darius" has a very passion for fireworks, so it's fair to conclude he must have retired to his rest fully satisfied with the brilliant ending of the superb fetes which the good City of Paris has offered him, since he honored her with his presence. From to-day the official welcome is over and the Shah will be allowed to enjoy repose. Except such festivities as he may choose as a private individual to indulge in, none will be thrust upon his acceptance. His visit is to last to the 21st, when he leaves for Lyons and Marseilles, and thence to Toulon, where a grand naval review is to be held in his honor, and then he bids adieu to la belle France, and takes Switzerland as the next step towards his triumphant return to Teheran.

JASHUR.

☞ Half a pound of shot judiciously administered to sympathetic cats, at this season of the year, will bear fruit in increased hours of slumber throughout the summer and have a tendency to prevent a corner in the chicken market.

☞ The "Commercial" has information that a well-known Western Congressman carries his back pay in a leather pouch attached to a strap about his person. The device works admirably. Whenever he has any talk with good, conscientious people and begins to feel that he ought to return it

SPECIALS.

Death of Col. Wm. K. DeGraffenreid, a Prominent Lawyer in Macon.

The Constitution's Special from Macon.

MACON, GA., August 1, 1873.

Colonel Wm. K. DeGraffenreid, of this city, a prominent lawer, died this afternoon at three o'clock.

Col. DeGraffenreid was President of the Macon and Knoxville Railroad Company. He had been largely identified with public enterprises.

He has been in feeble health for some months but in spite of medical skill and change of air, he has slowly sank under his disease, until his death was simply a question of time.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

[See First Page for Noon Dispatches.]

The Cholera.

COLUMBUS, August 1.—Another cholera death in the penitentiary to-day.

No Cholera at Ringgold.

The Catoosa Courier states that several negroes died last week with symptoms resembling cholera, but "there has been no well defined case here of cholera at all." The Courier also says, "there is little sickness here of any kind, and we have no more apprehension of cholera than of an earthquake."

THE WEATHER.

Cooler Weather, Clearing Off, with Local Rains in Georgia.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—For the northwest upper lake regions, and thence to Missouri and the lower Ohio valley, rising barometer, northwesterly and southwesterly winds, partly cloudy weather and local rains, clearing away by Saturday; for the lower lake region and thence to the upper Ohio valley, temporarily cooler and clearing weather, followed by a rising temperature, cloudiness and occasional local rains; for the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, a falling barometer, high temperature, southwesterly winds, cloudy weather and occasional coast rains in the former; for the Middle States, southwesterly and northwesterly winds, partly cloudy weather, with local storms near the coast; for New England, a rising barometer, slightly cooler and cloudy weather, with occasional rains.

The telegraphic reports are missing from the far Northwest and Southwest.

BROTHER SAMUEL.

He Gets the Government Patronage for His New Atlanta Paper.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Governor Sam Bard has received the Government patronage for his paper, the Atlanta New Era, which resumes publication on the 1st of September.

HEADQUARTER DOTS.

Grant Long Branched—Bullion Statement.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Grant has returned to Long Branch. The Secretary has also gone there.

Commodore Reynolds acts as Secretary of the Navy during Robeson's wanderings.

The debt statement shows a decrease during the month of $370,000; coin in the Treasury $80,000,000; currency over $9,000,000.

MISSOURI NEWS.

Tom Allen, the Pugilist—Failure of a Ku-Klux Effort.

ST LOUIS, August 1.—Tom Allen, pugilist, publishes a card saying that if Charley Gallagher desires to fight him, as has been stated, he will give him a chance in two weeks from his meeting with McCoole, for any amount he chooses from $500 upwards.

Peter Kessler and his son August, who were arrested here a few days ago for stealing mules in Calaway county, and taken to Fulton, the county seat of the county, for trial, had a narrow escape from lynching, on Wednesday night. They arrived at Fulton on Wednesday, and were examined and committed to jail. About two o'clock on the following morning some sixty horsemen, well armed, rode into town with the avowed purpose of hanging old Kessler, but the city marshal, being advised of their intention, concealed the prisoners in the woods, and yesterday took them to Jefferson City for safe keeping.

Wheat Corner Bursted.

CHICAGO, August 1.—Corner broke. Wheat dropped from $1 40 to $1 19.

Railroad Collision.

POUGHKEEPSIE, August 1.—A freight train and the Saratoga train, which left New York at 9 o'clock this morning, collided near Tarrytown. Several passengers were injured. No names.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKLES.

CHOLERA IN VIRGINIA.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, August 1.—A dispatch from Jonesboro, Tennessee, reports fourteen cholera cases in the past twenty-four hours. The citizens are panicked.

CUBAN SMUGGLING.

NEW YORK, August 1.—A special revenue inspector, while searching a Spanish brig from Havana, for smuggled goods, found a lot of choice tobacco, cigars, oil cloth, snuff, brandy, gin and rum, concealed under and near for ballast.

TRIAL TRIP.

GLASGOW, August 1.—Grotha, Pioneer, new line from Hamburg to New York, made a trial trip—fourteen knots.

CABLE.

ST. JOHNS, August 1.—The Great Eastern has left Hearts Content to repair the cable.

FOREIGN.

HAPPY FRENCH.

The Germans Leave Nancy and Belfort.

PARIS, August 1.—Nancy and Belfort were evacuated yesterday by the German troops who burned all the goods which could not be carried off. The inhabitants of both cities remained in their houses while the Germans were leaving.

SPAIN.

A Carlist Defeat Reported.

MADRID, August 1.—A dispatch has been received by the Minister of War, announcing that a sharp fight has taken place near Malaga, between the Republicans and insurgents, in which the latter were defeated and

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

GOTHAM.

Bank Raised—Two Pacific Mail Steamers Seized—Tammany Scamp in Dublin.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The Fifth National Bank has suspended. Defect $480,000. The bank holds bonds and securities to the amount of $1,500,000.

Two steamers of the Pacific Mail Company were seized for $128,000 taxes due the city and county of New York. It is stated that Dick Connolly, ring contractor, who fled when the suits began, has purchased valuable property in Dublin.

The Coroner's jury found Casper Schultz guilty of killing his wife because she would not get his supper.

FOREIGN.

The English Races.

LONDON, August 1.—The Chesterfield cup, at Good wood, was won by Drummond. Louise was second and Rothschild's Hannah third.

Victor won the Constitution plate. The second place was dead between Walpole and Perth. Eight started. The betting was eight to one against Victor.

Ratified in Favor of the Government Troops.

MADRID, August 1.—The insurgent fleet has sailed from Almeria. There is great rejoicing over its departure. It is believed the fleet will next visit Alicante, and the garrison and citizens are preparing for defense.

The arsenal in Cadiz still holds out for the Government.

The Republican fleet opened bombardment on important positions occupied by the Insurgents in San Fernando.

Government troops in Seville have captured twenty cannon.

The Junta at Grao de Valencia has seized three vessels belonging to the revenue service.

CUBA.

The Carlists Intriguing in Cuba.

KEY WEST, August 1.—Mail advices from Havana of the 29th ult. contain the following intelligence: The government has obtained possession of important documents revealing the clandestine labors of the Carlists in this province, and criminating Quajino, counsel for the Transatlantic Steamship Company, and legal agent for several wealthy merchants of Havana. Other persons are implicated, and are under the surveillance of the Cortes. The arrest of some prominent men is rumored.

In searching the house of Quijano, five hundred thousand dollars in gold was found, which it is said was collected here to be sent to England to further the cause of the Carlists.

The Tribune calls upon the government to embargo the property of the Carlist conspirators in Havana.

The commissioners sent by the Captain General to the insurgents have returned, after an interview with Ceapedes, who firmly refused to enter into any negotiations.

Severe engagements have taken place lately near Puerto Principe with the insurgents. The town of Yaregal was attacked recently by 300 Cubans.

After a fight of several hours they were repulsed. They set fire to several houses. Gascanas, a prominent Cuban who was made Lieutenant-Colonel of the Spanish army for saving Valmasada from being captured by the insurgents at one time, was lately killed in battle.

LONDON, August 1.—The bill granting 35,000 pounds per annum to the Duke of Edinburg on his marriage, came up to day for a third reading. Sir Charles Dilk made a long speech against the grant.

Gladstone replied with bitterness, characterizing his persistent opposition to the bill as indecent.

Muntz, a member from Birmingham, protested against the epithet "indecent," and Gladstone withdrew it.

Newdigate asked if the marriage would be solemnized according to the form of the Church of England. Gladstone distinctly and absolutely declined to answer the question. Anderson offered an amendment providing that in the event of the Duke of Edinburg's succeeding to the Grand Duchy of Saxe Coburg, the annuity cease. After farther debate, the amendment was withdrawn and the bill passed in committee.

The election of a member of Parliament for Greenwich takes place to-morrow. The contest is close and exciting, and some rioting is apprehended.

Mr. Sothern on His Muscle.

From the Alta California.]

We have already informed our readers that Mr. Sothern, during his trip from New York, had got into some little trouble on the cars. Our reporter called on Mr. Sothern, but was unable to see him. Our reporter then interviewed the conductor.

It appears that Mr. Towne had the thoughtful courtesy to telegraph to Goden to the effect that Mr. Sothern was to have the sole use of the Director's car. Mr. Sothern appreciated the kind compliment and telegraphed his thanks, etc. The following morning, however, he discovered a six-foot tower calmly stretched out on his sofa coolly smoking his cigars and sipping his iced claret. Mr. Sothern suggested in the gentlest terms that the big stranger had made a slight mistake as the car was a private one.

"Private be d—d!" exclaimed the stalwart stranger, "It's big enough for a dozen thin devils like you.

"Possibly," replied Mr. Sothern. "But as you have not even the politeness to apologize for the intrusion, I request you to leave it."

"Not if I know it," ejaculated the brawny stranger."

Enter the Conductor.

Conductor—Now then, sir, please remove to your own seat.

Mysterious stranger—If either of you bother me any longer I'll knock your heads together and pitch you out of the car. It's only going twenty-five miles an hour, and it wont hurt you much.

Sothern, cooly taking off his coat—Come, this is getting interesting. Conductor, sit down and do a gentle smoke while I endeavor to bring our large friend to his senses. Conductor sits and smokes. Gloomy stranger rises, glares and makes a rush at Sothern, hitting him a heavy blow on the mouth.

"There, that settles the matter," says the stranger.

"Not quite," replies Sothern, and playfully giving him one, two, three, on eyes, nose and mouth, closes with him, and with one wrestling "cross buttox" sends him spinning over the rail at the end of the car. The alarm is sounded, and the train stops. The mysterious stranger is picked up insensible, bleeding at the nose, ears and mouth.

Southern relinquished the private car to him. A doctor on the train attends to him and says, "A compound fracture." He still lies in extreme danger, but the verdict of every one is, "Served him right." The stranger's name is James Lawson, of Peoria.

☞ A man in Austin, Texas, bought a dog to protect his hen roost, and that night put him on guard about midnight the gentleman, aroused by a noise, went into the yard just in time to receive a charge from his dog that had gone mad during the night. The gentleman went up a tree and had to roost there until morning brought the death of the dog, and the revelation that a certain bean of his daughter was roosting high in another tree in the yard, scared up by the same dog.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton irregular; middlings uplands 20½; Orleans 20½; sales 2,870 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 191 bales; gross 747.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day 16,600 bales, and the market closed dull as follows: August, 19 7-16, September, 18 7-16, October, 18 1-16, November, 17 11-16a17¼, December, 17 11-16a17 13-16.

Flour in light request and unchanged. Whisky a shade firmer at 91½. Wheat inactive and scarcely so firm; inferior grades lower. Corn inactive and in buyers favor. Rice firm. Pork better; new $17 50. Lard weak at 9 9-16. Turpentine dull and lower at 42½. Rosin lower at $3.35. Tallow quiet 8¾. Freights firm.

Money 7@8; Sterling 9. Gold 112½. Governments

Arrived out—Holland, City of Montreal, Liegeg.

[illegible] 17½; 67s 18¾; new 5s ex-int. 15½; 10 40s 15. Tennessee 6s 81¼; new 81. Virginia 6s 4.; new 50. Canada 93½; deferred 113. Louisiana 6s 48; new 44. Levee 6s 47; do. 8s [illegible] Alabama 8s 98 to 97. Georgia 6s 75 to 80. North Carolinas 27; new 19; special tax [illegible]. South Carolinas 85; new 16. April and October 20.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	11,941 bales
Same time last year	2,000 "
Showing an increase of	9,940 "
Total receipts at all United States ports to date	[illegible] "
Total receipts same time last year	2,630,731 "
Showing an increase of	651,404 "
Exports from all United States ports for the week	9,991 "
Same time last year	2,269 "
Showing an increase of	7,330 "
Total exports from all United States ports to date	1,462,917 "
Total exports same time last year	1,901,915 "
Showing an increase of	562,002 "
Stock on hand at all United States ports	168,533 "
Stock at all United States ports same time last year	106,025 "
Showing increase of	62,508 "
Stock on hand at all interior towns, less Selma, Ala.	25,439 "
Stock at interior towns same time last year	8,339 "
Showing an increase of	17,096 "
Stock on hand at Liverpool	849,000 "
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	986,000 "
Showing a decrease of	137,000 "
American Cotton afloat for Great Britain	63,000 "
Same time last year	13,000 "
Showing an increase of	35,000 "

WILMINGTON, August 1.—Cotton steady; middlings 18¾; net receipts 33 bales; exports coastwise 107; stock 1,018; weekly net receipts 132; exports coastwise 519; sales 54.

NASHVILLE, August 1.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 16¾; weekly receipts 651 bales; shipments 438; stock, 1873, 93; 1873, 6,651.

BOSTON, August 1.—Cotton dull; middlings 21; net receipts 17 bales; gross 444; sales 190; stock 10,000; weekly net receipts 178; gross 1,322; sales 1,150.

CHARLESTON, August 1.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 19½; good ordinary 17½; ordinary 14a15; net receipts 484 bales; exports coastwise 294; sales 200; stock 4,083; weekly net receipts 2,353; exports coastwise 2,845; sales 850; and low middlings 18¾.

ST. LOUIS, August 1.—Flour unchanged; business small. Corn dull and drooping at 28a30½; No. 2 mixed, elevator, 42, sacked. Whisky advancing tendency 91a93. Pork unchanged at $16 50; bacon strong at 8¼a8½; shoulders 10¾; clear rib 10¾a10¾; clear 10¾a11; lard quiet; refined 8¼a8¾; summer steam held at 7¾; winter steam sold at 7¾; January 7¾.

LOUISVILLE, August 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn firm; good supply; 58a62 for sacked. Oats firm and scarce at 44a46. Pork quiet and steady at $16a16 50. Bacon—demand good; shoulders 9a9¼; clear rib sides 10¾a10¾; clear sides 10¾a10¾, packed. Hams steady and in fair demand at 13a13½ for plain; 14½a15 for sugar cured canvissed and fancy, packed. Lard quiet at 9a9¾ for choice to[illegible]; keg 10; steam 8¾. Whisky firm at 92a93.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Cotton dull; middlings 20; gross receipts 25; exports coastwise 111; stock 2,700; weekly net receipts 592; gross 993; exports coastwise 1,053; sales 753.

MACON, August 1.—Cotton steady; low middlings 18; weekly receipts 66; shipments 143; stock in 1872, 445; in 1873, 1,705.

GALVESTON, August 1.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 14¾a15; net receipts 161 bales; exports coastwise 2,645 not previously reported; sales 8; stock 10,464 by actual count.

AUGUSTA, August 1.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 18¾; receipts 212 bales; sales 150; stock in 1872, 3,698; in 1873, 3,116; weekly receipts 752; shipments 240; mills 626; sales 7.4.

CINCINNATI, August 1.—Flour very quiet at $6 25a 6 50. Corn quiet at 43a44. Mess pork held at $16. Lard dull; steam held at 8¾; kettle 8¾. Bacon strong and higher; shoulders 8¾; clear rib 10¾a10¾. Whisky steady at 91a92.

COLUMBUS, August 1.—Cotton firm; low middlings 17¾; weekly receipts 67; shipments 284; sales 128; stock 2,986 bales.

MONTGOMERY, August 1.—Cotton quiet; offerings light; low middlings 17¾; weekly receipts 72; shipments 165; stock, 1874, 377; 1873, 1,768.

PROVIDENCE, August 1.—Cotton—Net receipts 51; sales 1,800; stock 15,000 bales.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20½; weekly net receipts 282; gross 2,788.

SAVANNAH, August 1.—Cotton firm and in fair demand; offerings light; middlings 18¾; net receipts 139 bales; exports coastwise 149; sales 43; stock 1,654; weekly net receipts 856; exports coastwise 1,067; sales 328.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Cotton in good demand; ordinary 12; good ordinary 14¾a15; low middlings 18; middlings 18¾a18¾; net receipts 316; gross 316; exports coastwise 269; sales 500; last evening 600; stock 26,265; weekly net receipts 1,803; gross 2,143; exports coastwise 4,508; sales 4,500.

CITY POINT, August 1.—Net receipts for the week 47.

NORFOLK, August 1.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 18½; net receipts 210 bales; exports coastwise 385; sales 60; stock 3,194; net receipts for the week 2,237; exports coastwise 2,581; sales 380.

MEMPHIS, August 1.—Cotton firm; low middlings 18½; net receipts 33; shipments 352; stock 9,229; weekly receipts 1,653; shipments 1,850; sales 1,700.

MOBILE, August 1.—Cotton quiet and nominal; low middlings 17a17¼; middlings 18¼; net receipts 175; exports coastwise 451; sales 150; stock 11,077; weekly net receipts 642; exports coastwise 1,024; sales 1,000.

PARIS, August 1.—Rentes 56f. 52c.

LONDON, August 1.—Consols 93½a93¾. Common rosin 9s to 9s 3d. Turpintine 30s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, August 1.—Sales of American cotton 9,256; Savannah and Charleston, September or October shipments, 8¾. Yarns and fabrics firm. Turpentine 32s.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Flour dull; treble extra $6 50a 6 75; family $8a8 75. Corn scarce; yellow mixed 60; white mixed 73. Oats dull at 42a45. Bran dull at 80a 85. Hay dull; prime $22 00; choice $27. Pork dull $16 75. Bacon firmer; shoulders 9¾; clear rib sides 11¾; clear sides 11¾; hams 15¾a16. Dry salted meats—shoulders scarce at 9. Lard dull; choice scarce; tierce 8¾a9; keg 10a10¼. Sugar and molasses—no movemen. Whisky—supply light—Louisiana 85; Cincinnati $1; Evansville 95. Coffee 18a23¾.

Exchange—Sterling 56¾. New York sight ¾ prem. Gold 16¾.

IN MEMORIAM.

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's breath,
And stars to set, but all—
Thou hast all seasons for thine own, O Death!"

Mrs. Martha Neville Maddux, wife of the late Rev. Patrick Neal Maddux, near Earnesville, Ga., was born in Charleston, South Carolina, on the 25th day of August, 1807, and died in Atlanta, Ga., at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Henrietta J. Barnes, on the morning of the 23th of July, 1873, after a long and painful illness.

In the death of this eminently pious woman her family has been deprived of its sweetest solace, and society of one of its brightest ornaments. She embraced religion in early life, and for upwards of fifty years was a worthy and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, during which time her zeal, humility and Godly sincerity shone forth with undiminished lustre. In every department of life, in which she was called to act, she ever filled her station with becoming usefulness and dignity.

"Age sat with decent grace upon her visage,
And worthily became her silken locks;
She bore the marks of many years well spent—
Of virtue, truth well-tried, and wise experience."

It were vain for us to attempt in this short sketch to particularize her many noble qualities; her numerous domestic virtues; her solicitude for her family; her strict adherence to truth and duty; her sacrifices for principle; her true and steadfast friend

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA, GA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." marl1-ly

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it U Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, pain's and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article call on

july17-dtf REDWINE & FOX.

PARIS GREEN
For Destroying Cotton Worms. Special Prices in Large Lots.
[Carley, Buck & Co.,
35 Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.
aprils eodly

GREAT REDUCTION OF LADIES' UNDERWEAR.—Having received the agency of the Southern manufacturing company of ladies' underwear, we are now selling all articles, ready made, for less than the material can be bought, all made from the finest goods, at 47 Marietta street, opposite post-office, Atlanta, Ga. July 27—tf

CONVENTION—EX-CADETS, GEORGIA MILITARY INSTITUTE.—The Ex-Cadets and Ex-Professors of the Georgia Military Institute are invited to meet in Convention at Atlanta, on the 1st day of September next. The Central, M. and W., M. and B., A. and W., W. and A., and Georgia railroads will pass to and from the Convention for one fare.

J. MILLEDGE,
july13-tf President Ex-Cadet Association.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Stewart, Austin & Co. are offering new wheat flour of their popular brands for sale.

W. A. Hemphill & Co. have a Henry press for sale.

Captain Wilbur F. Johnson is the authorized agent of Mark W. Johnson during his trip North.

The fall term of the Atlanta Select School begins on the 25th.

Stokes will have plenty of good melons to-day.

C. Bohnefeld, dealer in metallic burial cases, caskets and coffins.

See summer and fall arrangement of the Merchants Line of Steamers between New Orleans and Jefferson, Texas.

See Assignee's notice.

Go for Stokes' watermelons to-day.

NEW WHEAT FLOUR.—Stewart, Austin & Co. are now prepared to supply the public with new flour of their popular brands.

ICED MELONS.—Wallace W. Rhodes keeps melons on ice at the office of the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company. Try them. They are cool and delicious.

SUMMER AND FALL ARRANGEMENT.—We direct attention to the advertisement of the summer and fall arrangement of the Merchants' Line of Steamers plying between New Orleans and Texas. Steamers leave New Orleans every Wednesday and Saturday. W. J. Houston, General Passenger Agent of the Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line, can give full information concerning this route.

LECTURE OF RT. REV. BISHOP GROSS This beautiful address, delivered at the Capitol to an immense audience, and reported verbatim in THE CONSTITUTION, is greatly in demand. To supply or dare received, we are printing *five thousand* copies. The last proceeds go to the Building Committee of the splendid new Catholic church. For sale at the counter at 5 cents per copy, $3 per hundred, $10 per five hundred, $18 per thousand. We will pay postage on orders from a distance.

PROF. RICHARDSON will begin his fall term of his select school on the 25th of this month. His high reputation has given him many calls to other schools and colleges, both in and out of the State, but he has preferred to remain in Atlanta and establish a permanent and paying school of the first rank. The true parent cannot afford to trifle with his son's interest. A few years of good instruction at the right time is cheaper than any price. Read Prof. R.'s advertisement and sustain him in his high calling.

OUR GRANTVILLE LETTER.

The Colored Sabbath School Celebration.

GRANTVILLE, GA., August 1, 1873.

Editors Constitution: The colored excursion train will leave this place on to-morrow morning, and will arrive in your city at 9½ o'clock. They will come upon the freight and passenger train. This will be the winding up of their Sabbath School celebration. The Rev. Richard Bigham, their pastor, will accompany them, he is the colored man that was sent to Africa and stayed there six years.

J. D.

OUR WEST POINT LETTER.

The Good Templars' Jollification in Harris County.

WEST POINT, GA., August 1, 1873.

Editors Constitution: The writer enjoyed the pleasure of a nice little trip into

HARRIS COUNTY

on Wednesday last, and what he saw and realized may not prove altogether devoid of interest to some of your readers. This county is filled with nature's noblemen—her broad acres and neatly constructed dwellings point to a time of plenty, and tell of better days. No county possesses a more honorable and high minded class of people. Her pride and honor lies in having as many pretty young ladies, and more of them than anybody's county.

At New Hope Church magnificent

SPRINGS

were made by members of different lodges. Our fellow-townsmen, Dr. Griggs and A. C. Lyndes, did their subjects full justice; and B. L. Harris, Esq., though not a member by name, yet an old one by practice, presented, in his glorious style, some truly interesting thoughts. His position is that he is far ahead in the line of temperance, and does not wish to turn back, but to press forward. In other words, when they have lived temperately as long as he has lived so, then he would like to have the lodge join hands with him in battling against the hordes of this awful monster. The

DINNER

was prepared by the Good Templars. This Order is carrying by storm all the strongholds of the vile demon, Bachus. The old and the young are flocking to its fold from every quarter. Seeing so much interest manifested, made us feel like we wanted to

DRINK

no more of the vile stuff. Several appropriate and beautiful hills

TABLE

was loaded with everything that heart could wish or palate could desire. The

THE CROPS

in Harris county are indeed promising, and if no unkind fate blights the prospects, many bales of cotton will come rolling into West Point this fall. This people like THE CONSTITUTION, and we hope to see them swell your lists this season. We cannot close our letter till we return thanks to whom it is due—to the ladies of course—and hope that this will not be the

OMEGA.

CLAYTON COUNTY FAIR.—The annual Fair of the Clayton County Agricultural Association will be held in Jonesboro on the seventh and eighth of August. The premium list is a splendid one. Among the special premiums offered are the following:

To the unmarried lady exhibiting the best embroidery, (offered by W. H. Chapman) a wine set, valued at $2 50.

For the fastest boy under thirteen years of age, (offered by L. C. Hutcherson) a hat valued at $5.

For the fastest negro man (offered by J. H. Waldrop) a hat valued at $3.

For the fastest negro boy under fifteen (offered by J. H. Waldrop) a hat valued at $2.

For the fastest boy under seven years (offered by James Hudson), $2.

For the prettiest girl baby under two years, (offered by Captain J. H. Morrow,) a doll and carriage valued at $5.

For the prettiest boy baby under two years, (offered by N. J. Hughes,) in gold, $2 50.

For the best declaimer, according to age, in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette, under fifteen years, (offered by D. Young & Son,) Hon. A. H. Stephens' History of the United States, valued at $10.

For the best horseback rider under fifteen, (offered by James Davis,) a saddle, valued at $5.

For the best horseback rider, under fifteen, (offered by R. H. Morrow,) a bridle, valued at $2 50.

For the second-best horseback rider, under fifteen, (offered by J. L. Doyall) in gold, $2 50.

For the cow that gives the most milk at one milking (offered by George Sharp, Jr.,) $10.

For the finest baby, boy or girl, not over two years, (offered by L. B. Langford) a five-cook stove, valued at $30.

For the prettiest girl or boy baby under three years, (offered by Henry, offered by C. A. Key) in gold.

For the man that makes the quickest time on the ground, half a mile, (offered by J. A. McConnell,) a watch valued at $3.

From this it will be seen that much fun is anticipated. Clayton knows how to get up a No. 1 Fair.

FORT AUGUSTA.—The Chronicle and Sentinel's correspondence contained in THE CONSTITUTION's special yesterday announcing the death of Father O'Hara,

DEATH OF FATHER O'HARA.

Early yesterday morning our community was shocked by the intelligence that Father O'Hara, a priest well known and esteemed in Catholic circles, had died the preceding night. But a few days before Father O'Hara had been seen in the full vigor, apparently, of a sturdy manhood, and few could realize the fact that he had so quietly and suddenly passed from this life.

On Friday Father O'Hara celebrated high mass at St. Paul's Church, since Sunday, however, he complained of not feeling well, and on Wednesday was confined to his room, but nothing serious was suspected. Wednesday night he became somewhat worse. Between one and two o'clock, however, he seemed to get better, and about two o'clock went to sleep. At three o'clock he awoke in a violent spasm, and died in a few moments.

Rev. Joe O'Hara was born in county Sligo, Ireland. Most additions to the priesthood in 1863, and after spending some time in England and remaining a short period in the city of New York, he then went to Dry Town, where he remained one year. He came to Augusta shortly after the war, and thence to this city. He had been in Augusta, at the time of his death, nine years. He was in the thirty-seventh year of his age.

The death of Father O'Hara is deeply regretted by all classes of our citizens. He was a good man in every respect as well as esteemed by all with whom he came in contact. A large number of persons visited the remains yesterday.

The Chronicle also stated that Bishop Gross arrived on Thursday, though he had no formal reception on account of Father O'Hara's death, was met by a large crowd on the street.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Justices' Courts, Yesterday—Justice Butt Delivers His Opinion in a Pig Case—A Liquor Dealer Arrested for Selling Whisky to an Intoxicated Man—Farrington Required to Give a Bond of $100, Etc., Etc.

The Justices' Courts.

These tribunals were unusually active yesterday. They all did considerable business, but mostly of a civil character. Justice Butt spent most of the morning hearing the facts, and determining the law in a pig case.

The possessory warrant was sued out by Robert Rease, colored, against Mrs. Lambert, white. It alleged that Rease had been in the quiet, legal and peaceably entered possession of a certain sandy colored pig with white spots and a bob tail. That this pig had recently disappeared and that he now believes it to be in the unlawful possession of the defendant. This warrant was placed in the hands of an officer, who succeeded in arresting both the defendant and the pig. They were produced in court, and the trial at once began. Eight witnesses were introduced, four on a side. The plaintiff proved that the pig was his by his own evidence and that of all of his witnesses, and the defendant proved that the pig was her's by equally strong testimony. There were no lawyers employed in the case, but their absence did not keep the fight from waxing warm. The court was sorely puzzled. The case, however, had to be decided, and after much prayerful deliberation the Magistrate rendered the following able opinion:

BEAZLEY OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

"The testimony in this case is positive on both sides. The defendant proved a continuous possession; the plaintiff lost his pig, and he proved the identity right out. As possession is nine points of the law, it is ordered and adjudged by the Court that the pig remain in the hands of the defendant. This August 1, 1873."

The defendant went her way rejoicing, and will in future cling to that highly prized pig with redoubled energy.

A warrant was also issued by Justice Butt yesterday for the arrest of a liquor merchant by the name of Mat Hicks for the offence of selling whisky to an intoxicated man. The prosecutor in this case was Mr. J. L. Muck, and the party charged to have purchased the whisky while intoxicated was Mr. D. Smith. This case was tried yesterday afternoon. The State was represented by Messrs. Wright & Wright, and the defense by Judge D. F. Hammond. The trial was going on at a late hour in the afternoon, and we did not learn the decision of the Court.

A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon by Justice E. R. Sasseen for the arrest of a colored girl, Sue Neighbors, for simple larceny. Jane Warren is the prosecutrix, and the charges that Sue, on last Wednesday stole from her a valuable calico dress worth the heavy sum of $1 50. Sue has been arrested, and the case will be heard this morning.

Justice Munday yesterday investigated a possessory warrant case between Miss Ella Carr and Mr. Will Sheppard. The parties are all white. Ella charged Will with having in his possession a certain gold ring of the value of $5, which belonged to her, and which she further charged Will had no right to keep. Justice Munday, after examining into the facts, agreed with the young lady in the view which she took of the matter. So he gave Ella back her ring and required Bill to pay up the costs. No attorneys were employed.

The case against Mr. P. A. Farrington, for cheating and swindling Messrs. Carley, Buck & Co., prosecutors, to which we alluded in the last edition of this paper came up before Justice Hammond for trial yesterday. After consultation with his attorney, Mr. Sidney Dell, the defendant concluded to waive all investigation before the magistrate, and gave bond in the sum of $100.

The Commissioners' Court.

We learn that the United States Marshals have recently made a successful raid upon the violators of the revenue laws in Pickens county. Five of the prisoners arrived in Atlanta yesterday under guard. The examinations will commence this morning before Commissioner W. B. Smith.

Station House Report.

Three arrests only were made yesterday by the Police. One for failing to abate a nuisance, and the other two for drunkenness. There were no State cases at the lockup.

ATHENS.—Visitors are arriving at Athens by every train. A very large crowd is expected there. Quite a number leave to-night for that classic city.

REPORTED DEATH.—Passengers by the West Point train yesterday report the death at West Point of Robert W. Dukes from spasms.

PENCIL CRABS.—There were only thirty-one candidates for policemen before the Council, last night.

Our City Fathers had "gas on the brain," last night.

Col. James W. Goldsmith, of Stone Mountain, has swapped his famous steed, "Deegan," for a fast racer.

Court injunction was made to the City Council, last night, that the members were nervousness.

There is active demand for sour flour to be used in filling the cotton worm.

"Yo locos" acknowledges the receipt of a fifty-five pound watermelon from Hon. W. A. Ramsey, of Augusta.

John R. Scott gave a reading at Decatur, on Thursday night, to a large and fashionable audience. The affair was a brilliant success.

W. J. Jones, of Decatur, has a DeKalb county raised Morgan stallion for which he has been offered $500.

PERSONAL.—W. A. Ramsey, the popular and live clothier of Augusta, spent several days in the "Gate City" this week, the guest of Major General S. Grant Warren. While here he tried his hand at Ward's clothing store and came very near disposing of his entire stock. He is bound to sell goods—and if not goods—me.

Hon. L. P. D. Warren, of Albany, is in the city.

E. A. Cothran, a printer well-known in this city, not long since while riding a mule, in Alabama, fell off and broke his left arm, incapacitating him from work at the case.

Col. J. Dogbery Robinson received as valuable present yesterday from his Cherokee county constituents.

Alderman Lucas was complimented last night by the city fathers for his able speeches.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—The Sunday School Association of DeKalb county celebrates its eighth anniversary at Wesley Chapel, seven miles southeast of Decatur, on the 20th of August. Exercises commence at 10 o'clock A. M. with singing by all the schools. At 11 the annual address will be delivered by Hon. George N. Lester.

No where, we believe, is a livelier interest manifested in this noble cause than in DeKalb county. Encourage it with your presence and prayers that it may continue to prosper.

The Association convenes at Wesley Chapel at 10 o'clock A. M., August 19th, the day previous to the celebration.

A pleasant excursion might be made from this place. If a sufficient number would go, the trip might, no doubt, be had at reduced rates.—*Washington Gazette.*

"UP IN A BALLOON, BOYS."

The Constitution's Special Narrow Gauge Mail Carrier.

Something About Wise's Balloon—Not John Wise of the Fulton County Mansion, But Professor Wise of Boston.

The Trip Over the Ocean to Take Sixty Hours.

Intensely Interesting Particulars and the Theory of the Project.

It is not all surprising that the undertaking of Prof. John Wise to make a voyage to Europe in a balloon is creating throughout the entire country profound interest and solicitude. The enterprise is characteristic of the American mind and character. The conception is American, and if success results it will contribute immensely in giving prestige to American enterprise in all parts of the world.

It has been very properly remarked in connection with the plans of Professor Wise that "Aerial navigation is no new thing;" but this fact heightens instead of diminishes the interest taken in the proposition to cross the Atlantic.

It is a fair sample of the bold newspaper enterprise of the day that a New York daily, the Graphic, furnishes the funds for the daring scheme. THE CONSTITUTION of course expecting to inaugurate a line of balloons.

AN OLD IDEA OF WISE'S.

The Graphic, in an article under this caption, "To Europe in Sixty Hours," says:

"It is now more than twenty-five years since Professor Wise, then an experienced aeronaut, argued the feasibility of a balloon voyage over the Atlantic to Europe; and in 1849 he petitioned Congress for aid in demonstrating the practibility of the project by experiment. But the studies and experiments of a quarter of a century have contributed materially to the knowledge of the subject, and to the skill and experience of Professor Wise, who has never relinquished his great project, and whose voyage from St. Louis to New York, a distance of twelve hundred miles, in nineteen hours, went far towards proving the truth of his theories and the feasibility of his Transatlantic plan.

"At the request of Professor Wise, Mr. W. H. Donaldson, an experienced and skilful aeronaut, will assist in making the preparations, and will accompany him on the voyage. The cost of the outfit was originally $5,000; but in order to make every possible provision to insure safety and success, it is now calculated that at least $10,000 will be required.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BALLOON.

Prof. Wise thus describes the balloon: The balloon proper will be a spheroid of 100 feet tranverse, and 110 perpendicular and diameter. The supplemental balloon will be a spheroid of 36 feet diameter. These, with allowance for expansion of gas, will give us a lifting power of 15,900 pounds, and a net carrying power of 9,500 pounds, and of disposable ballast 7,500 pounds. Our floats will also lose by exosmose of gas over fifteen pounds per hour, and that will enable us to keep afloat twenty days. But allowing a liberal margin for the free escape of gas in the higher and rarified regions of the atmosphere, we may still calculate safely for a ten days' buoyant power, and, if deemed necessary, we can dispose of the boat and gallery, and thus restore a buoyant force of 1,200 pounds, which would serve us for several days more, so that, under the most adverse circumstances, we can hardly fail to reach the European shore.

We shall

CARRY A BOAT

more for the purpose of providing for a contingency that may possibly arise from any damage to the main balloon, but one that we have little cause to apprehend. The boat will be stored with water and provisions to serve for thirty days. Our kind friends are thus assured that we are not foolhardy, seeing that we shall provide against all and any contingencies that are likely to possibly arise.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CAR AND ITS CONTENTS—SCIENTIFIC AND HOUSEHOLD ARRANGEMENTS.

The Graphic, in a recent publication, says:

The car of the balloon, "The Daily Graphic," as designed by Professors Wise and Donaldson, is now being carefully constructed under the direction and supervision of the latter, and when completed will be a marvel of lightness, strength and convenience. It will necessarily be a combination of store-house, dormitory, workshop and observatory. It will be supported at one point only—its apex—and, besides its own weight and that of the passengers and ballast, will have to bear the strain of the life boat below.

It may be described in brief as to consist, in outline, of twelve stout ropes looped, with their twenty-four ends tied in the supporting ring above. These loops will be distended into a bell-like shape by three great hoops of stout ash, the lower of which, eight feet in diameter, will support a flooring strong enough to hold most of the ballast. This flooring will be laid of two layers of narrow ash boards, the direction of one layer being at right angles to that of the other. This arrangement is designed to aid in resisting the pressure on the hoops from the ropes, which will pass around under the bottom of the car. Four and a half feet above this floor is another, resting on a hoop ten feet in diameter. This will consist of one layer of light pine boards, to be removed and thrown over if necessary, but which, nevertheless, will be the "main floor" of the airy tenement. Between these two floors, and extending about four feet above the upper one, the siding will consist of stout rope network, with meshes of about four inches. Outside of this, and between it and the ropes, there will be a casing of stout canvas or duck, extending, however, only to the upper floor. About ten feet above this floor will be placed the third distended hoop, six feet in diameter, above which the main ropes will taper directly in the ring.

From the apex to the main floor the car will be covered with duck, the lower part of which will be cut and arranged to be rolled up in separate pieces, like curtains. There will be four windows cut in the canvas siding, to look from in case it will be necessary to fasten the curtains down. There will also be an opening through the top, out of which a person may climb on a rope ladder into the ropes above. A man-hole will also be cut in the floor to allow access to the "cellar," where the ballast, etc., is stored. From the ring to lower floor the car will be about sixteen feet. The ring will be a huge affair, consisting of three different pieces of metal, and designed to stand all tests, either of tension or jar. As an appropriate ornament, flags of various nations will be displayed from the upper part of the car.

Still more interesting, perhaps, than a description of the car, is a list of the things to be placed in it. The most prominent object in the lower apartment represented in the sketch is a basket capable of holding a number of men, and designed to be attached to the ring above, should it be found necessary to cut the large car away piecemeal to lighten the air-ship, or in case it should be thought desirable, through distrust of the large balloon from injury, it may be attached to the smaller balloon, the tender, and the party thus being given a new lease of life. It will also enable them to separate, leaving a portion only to continue the voyage, the main balloon being thus relieved of a portion of its fixed weight. In this apartment also will be placed the ballast, consisting of sand in twenty-five pound bags, and in great part also in casks of water.

The water ballast will be especially valuable, because a small stream may be cut flowing at night, and hanged to compensate the loss of buoyant power of the balloon. Here, too, will be placed in abundance various kinds of provisions, consisting largely of canned food. Axes, hatches, grappling irons, ropes in coils, and other accessory things will be stowed away. Torpedoes, with parachute attachments, will also be provided, to be let fall in the night. These will be set so as to explode when they strike the water. The direction of the flash will indicate the way the balloon is drifting. As to the furniture of the upper department, the main feature is the windlass, which may be put to several uses, the principal of which will be the management of the small balloon and the raising and lowering of the trail rope. It should be remembered that the balloonists will be prepared at all times to send the small balloon up two thousand feet above them, for the purpose of testing currents without wasting ballast. The windlass will also be used for raising or lowering the boat. A cage of carrier-pigeons, for half-daily or even hourly communication with the shore they are to leave, will be suspended overhead.

The scientific outfit will be of the completest kind consisting of all the latest improvements in meteorological instruments, both for observation and for safety in managing the balloon. Among those for the latter purpose is an electric alarm apparatus, invented by Professor Donaldson, to be attached to both the mercurial and the aneroid barometer. Thus, if the mercury in the former should rise to a certain height, by an increased air pressure, showing a descent during the night to a dangerous nearness to the surface of the earth, alarm bells will ring, and the watching aeronauts will be warned to throw out more ballast. Wet and dry bulb thermometers, hydrometers, hygrometers, marine glasses, telescopes, compasses, instruments for calculating the position of the balloon astronomically, mathematical tables, and everything that science can suggest, will be furnished of the most approved styles and manufacture. The occupants of the car will be supplied with air mattresses, camp-stools, a small writing-table, a lime store for making coffee and boiling eggs, and such necessary toilet furniture as they may desire.

THE THEORY OF THE TRIP.

Our main reliance is on the great eastward drift of the trade winds, and, after your publication of Dr. Ramsey's admirable paper on the motion of the atmosphere, always and forever eastward, without an attempt at the exact solution of its cause, since that fact is patent, and with the Smithsonian Institute's reply to my letter on the same subject, that this eastward motion of the air, "as an established fact of science of every day's experience," we have, I think, little to fear for the result of the voyage. We do not pretend that in this first experimental voyage we shall be able to make a given point on land, but we have an eye to the Gulf Stream, "the great warm river in the ocean, which forms above it, in the ocean of air, a corresponding aerial river that will float us to the coast of Ireland. It becomes a physical correlative that the air, on being warmed by the gulf stream heat, will rise and move, with the atmospheric line of the last resistance, which must inevitably be in the direction of the gulf stream. Meteorologists will take great interest in this part of the problem to be solved or attempted to be solved. These great but silent imponderable elements, the most potent of all in the great cosmogony, are yet so little understood by science that a lifetime's devotion to the elucidation of a single feature in them will be well spent, and that is the diminishing principle that moves us to the experiment. We are not scientifically presumptuous, but we know what we do know, and that is, that the thousand and more voyages of the heavens above attest the fact in its every messengers constantly to be seen in this aerial highway. What we don't know is the normal condition of this force of nature over and above the sea, and as a method of exploration, we intend to make this aerial voyage, and in our humble way endeavor to mark out an untrodden path for men and mails.

GENERAL ITEMS.

We should take observations upon the sun with the sextant. We should also employ chronometers and the barometer. We should take readings three times a day. The first important observation would be to get the barometric lines of the upper trade winds. These are probably at a regular level over the ocean, since temperature is more even below, and no undulations in the surface exist to cause undulations in the air-currents. By these several means we should establish some system as regards the attainment of points on the further side of the ocean, since we must necessarily have the advantages of the two upper trade currents from the north-west and the south-west, giving us all the territory which lies within the range of the compass for places at which to land. From former experience on the lakes, I judge that I can tell the direction in which the balloon is traveling by the foam on the water. Lead sweeps on the water, cutting the surface at short intervals of one and one-fifth feet, would be distended into a bell-like shape by three great hoops of stout ash, the lower of which, eight feet in diameter, will support a flooring strong enough to hold most of the ballast. This flooring will be laid of two layers of narrow ash boards, the direction of one layer being at right angles to that of the other. This arrangement is designed to aid in resisting the pressure on the hoops from the ropes, which will pass around under the bottom of the car. Four and a half feet above this floor is another, resting on a hoop ten feet in diameter. This will consist of one layer of light pine boards, to be removed and thrown over if necessary, but which, nevertheless, will be the "main floor" of the airy tenement. Between these two floors, and extending about four feet above the upper one, the siding will consist of stout rope network, with meshes of about four inches. Outside of this, and between it and the ropes, there will be a casing of stout canvas or duck, extending, however, only to the upper floor. About ten feet above this floor will be placed the third distended hoop, six feet in diameter, above which the main ropes will taper directly in the ring.

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PRESENTATION TO HORACE P. CLARK.

The employees on the Macon and Western Railroad on Friday morning presented Mr. Horace P. Clark, for a long time the energetic freight agent of that road, with a set of silver knives and forks. Mr. Clark has accepted the position of forwarding freight agent of the Southern Security Company at Portsmouth, Va. The patrons of the Macon and Western Railroad will regret to lose so efficient and courteous an officer as Mr. Clark.

THE ATLANTA CADETS.—This company of young warriors paraded again yesterday afternoon in the second square fronting on Alabama street, a large number of persons collected to witness the exercises. About forty of the members were present, under command of Captain Fitten. The company exhibited a marked improvement, not only in the manual, but also in the field exercises. With but little more practice, it will be one of the best looking and best drilled companies in the country.

OLD GWINNETT AHEAD!

The Session of Council—Grand Outpouring of the People—1,500 People Out—Speeches by T. E. Winn, J. C. Ragsdale and [illegible]—Fine Barbecue—Fine Crop Reports.

The anniversary of the Gwinnett County Agricultural Society came off on Thursday at Bethesda Church, some eleven or twelve miles from Stone Mountain. This reporter left the Gate City at 8 o'clock and reached Stone Mountain at 9 o'clock. Through the courtesy of Colonel J. W. Goldsmith he was furnished transportation there. The horse was a fine one, a splendid trotter, and evidently during the late unpleasantness belonged to the cavalry from the manner in which he "mauled butter-milk from stray oil."

In a beautiful grove near the church a stand was prepared, and benches arranged. There were assembled between twelve and fifteen hundred persons, a majority being of the fair sex. The ground resembled in appearance the neighborhood of a camp meeting.

At ten o'clock the exercises commenced with prayer.

Major R. D. Winn, of Lawrenceville, Marshal of the Day then announced the programme for the exercises of the day.

Thomas E. Winn, President of the society, then addressed the meeting, in a plain, practical and pithy address. He showed the necessity and advantages of the farmers combining together for their own interest and progress, and not for aggression on the rights of any class or to provoke collision between them and other classes. Farmers should be united. He urged upon them the importance and benefit of a more thorough preparation of the soil, a more thorough culture, and enriching and beautifying the homestead instead of impoverishing and making it desolate. I was such a speech as will exert a lasting and powerful influence upon the farmer, and will in days to come, bring forth good fruits.

Hon. John C. Ragsdale, President of the DeKalb County Fair Association, next addressed the assemblage. His remarks were listened to with marked attention, for he is recognized as one of the most practical and successful farmers of the State. He said that more was in the man than in the land or the crop planted. Farming would pay. Let the farmer sell more than he buys, and stop the "little leaks," and he would be successful. He was gratified to see so many ladies out. If the ladies all went to heaven, the men would certainly follow. At the conclusion of this address, dinner was announced. The ladies, under the command of Colonel Tyler M. Peeples, were formed into procession, "in fours," and the men in another column, and marched to the grove near the spring where long lines of tables, filled with barbecued meat, were in full view. The order to charge was given, and although the attack was vigorous and well sustained, the enemy was not conquered, for huge piles of meat and eatables were left untouched.

After partaking of the magnificent barbecue, the crowd returned to the stand, when they were addressed by Thomas E. Daniel, Esq. He advocated an improved system of agriculture by which the soil would be left richer at the end of every year; that a thorough pulverization of the soil would largely increase its productiveness; that to cultivate the soil more thoroughly we must decrease the acreage; cotton was our main money crop; he did not counsel farmers not to raise their own breadstuffs; but he would advise them to quit feeding their horses and mules on corn (which was costly) and feed them on Hungarian grass; in acre of land that would produce ten bushels of corn, would produce ten bushels of barley, and the barley would go a third further than the corn; it required seven days to make and gather the corn, and two days the barley. Here, then, a third in quantity and five days' labor would be gained.

He would urge farmers to keep their stock and feed them. Two acres in German millet, Hungarian grass, etc., would feed ten cows. And the product of the cow lot would be returned to the land in fertilizers of permanent benefit.

By request of W. G. Whidby, Secretary of the DeKalb County Fair Association, read the following report of crops raised by Eli McDaniel. (So far Mark W. Johnson has led the State in the yield of wheat—29½ bushels to the acre.) Mr. McDaniel's, it will be seen, is over 34 bushels. Wheat crop, 1873—Cotton stalk and—1 acre 8 rods.

EXPENSES.

180 bushels cotton seed, 15 cents	$22 80
2½ bushels seed wheat, $1 50	3 75
1½ days labor hauling and spreading cotton seed	2 25
3 days plowing	3 00
1 day sowing wheat and leveling land	60
1 day reaping and binding	1 75
	$34 15

PROCEEDS.

39 bushels at $1 80	$70 20
Deduct expenses	34 15
Profit	$36 05

Three successive crops of wheat on one acre: 1871, 21 bushels; 1872, 31 bushels; 1873, 25 bushels.

Crop of 1873 Wheat tangled, not well sowed.

EXPENSES.

2 days plowing and turning land	$ 2 00
5 loads stable manure	10 00
20 " lot "	10 00
35 bushels cotton seed	2 25
3 days labor hauling and spreading manure	4 50
2½ bushels seed wheat	3 75
2¼ days plowing and cross plowing	3 00
½ day sowing wheat and leveling land	80
1 day reaping and binding	1 75
	$40 05

PROCEEDS.

25 bushels, $1 80	$45 00
Deduct expenses	40 15
Profit	$ 4 85

CORN CROP, 1872.

One acre bottom land, five two horse loads stable manure and 400 pounds Zell's guano used. Product, accorking to average load shucked out 113⅓ bushels of corn and 700 bundles of fodder.

COTTON CROP, 1872.

One acre 8 rods. Land well prepared and 167 pounds Patapsco guano applied. Yield 3,040 pounds of seed cotton 84 bushels of wheat, 11⅔ bushels of corn and 2,700 pounds of seed cotton is very hard to beat.

Quite a number of the members of the Stone Mountain Club were

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

THE TRIUMPH OF PANTS.

Dr. Mary Walker Meets the Baltimore Police and Walks Away.

She Vindicates Her Claim to Trousers.

From the Baltimore Sun, July 24.]

As stated yesterday, Dr. Mary Walker, the lady whose pantaloons at Washington and in other parts of the country are so well-known, arrived in this city Tuesday afternoon, and at once became the "cynosure of all eyes" on the streets. Dr. Walker's notoriety is due in a great measure to the adoption by her of a mode of dress commonly regarded as rather masculine.

Other claims to public attention, which she displays, are an independence of manner peculiar to ladies holding her opinions on the rights of her sex, an *insouciant* air peculiarly her own, a strong office-seeking propensity, and the adroitness, boldness, persistency and fluency with which she enforces her views. Wherever she walked on the streets Tuesday and yesterday her unique dress and imperturbability attracted a crowd of boys and men, white and black, who had not learned the old adage, that there should be no disputing about tastes. She was dressed in a long frock coat, fitting well around the body, Mackinaw hat, and last, though not least, unmentionables. The police generally appreciated the situation, treated her courteously, and sought to keep the army of impudent boys and youths from pressing too close on her. But one of the policemen seemed to have misapprehended his duties, and arrested Dr. Walker. She had gone to the Star Hotel, on Front street, Monday afternoon, to call on an old lady, her companion to Baltimore, who had become fatigued and stopped in the parlor of the hotel to rest. The policeman, Aaron Russ, told her she must accompany him to the station house. She did so very quietly, and on the way remarked that she had generally been treated well by the police, though she "occasionally encountered a fool."

When the policeman made the charge at the Middle District Station-house, he said that he had arrested her because she was collecting a crowd in the street. Dr. Walker replied: "You have begun your statement with a lie. What you say is not true, for you arrested me in the parlor of the Star Hotel. You at first closed the door and tried to detain me, until I commanded you to release me. Where I was a crowd could not collect." This was a knock-down thrust, and, consequently, Mr. Hagerty, the Police Justice, at once dismissed the case, Ross making a kind of apology by saying he did not know it was Dr. Mary Walker when he arrested her. To this the Doctor's ready tongue had a prompt retort, replying: "It should make no difference who I am. Any woman has the right to wear this costume, and any woman decently dressed and deporting herself should have protection without any questions as to who or what she is."

Yesterday morning she went to the Marshal's office and laid a complaint before the Police Commissioners against Policeman Ross. Her account is that the policeman came into the hotel and locked the door from the outside, fastening her in the room. She ordered him to unlock it three times before he complied. She then walked forth, and when on the street he requested her to go to the station house under arrest. The charge against Ross was entertained by the Board of Police Commissioners, and a hearing of the case fixed for 10:30 A. M. to-day.

Dr. Mary Walker says she wears a modest dress, and cannot see why a woman is not privileged to wear clothes of the material of hers as well as of muslin, etc., and while gentlemen will carry their excellent wives and daughters to see women in tights they are shocked at seeing a woman with her limbs entirely covered.

☞ There have been a good many vigorous denunciations of the back pay swindle, but a convention of farmers in Kansas has improved on any of the forms heretofore noticed. In a concise preamble they characterize the swindle as "one of the most outrageous steals known to the civilized world," and added: "Whereas, D. P. Lowe, our Congressman, supported the bill: Resolved, That we demand that he resign his seat in Congress, that his place may be filled by an honest man instead of a thief." The New York Tribune suggests that Mr. Lowe must consider the reference to himself as slightly personal, if not as indicating a waning of his popularity.

☞ The surviving party of the Cincinnati, Southern Railroad, in charge of Engineer Ruhl, returned to Danville, on last Saturday, and are now engaged in the locating survey of the line south of Danville to a point at or near King's Mountain. The line has already been located south of King's Mountain to the Cumberland river. They have camped near Shelby City, and are prosecuting the work with great thoroughness. *Danville Advocate.*

☞ Josh Billings is "doing" the White Mountains. At the Summit House, this week, he came into the dining-room with a heavy overcoat and large felt hat in his hand. He put them both in his chair and sat on them. The landlord, who is very polite, said to him, "Allow me to take them." He replied, "I guess we'll let them stay. I know where they are now." He said to the waiter girl, to her astonishment, "Pass us some napkins; will be through with them in a few minutes."

☞ The San Francisco Chronicle still insists that leprosy is prevalent, and increasing to a fearful extent in the Sandwich Islands. It seems to be of the opinion that unless the plague is stayed the whole nation will gradually perish. An island named Molokai has been appropriated as a leper colony, and there the poor afflicted creatures are sent in squads of from twenty to forty. With the occasional ravages of small-pox and other epidemics, the leprosy and the terrible inroads of drunkenness in which they live, the inhabitants of the Sandwich Islands, an earthly paradise in natural beauty, are evidently doomed to extinction.

Leading Notices.

DR. TUFT'S HAIR DYE IS EASILY APPLIED, imparts a beautiful black or brown, and acts like magic. Try a box, and you will be pleased. july29—d1w&w1t

STOP those Chills that have been harrassing you so long, as they sometimes end in that fatal disease called by some the "Up-Country Yellow Fever." They can be very easily stopped by taking SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. Do not delay; go at once to your druggist and get a package and be cured. july29—deod1w&w1t

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges, dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvernates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $3 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANNS and HENRY G. POPE.
apr15-d2taw&w1y. Atlanta, Ga.

WAGES FOR ALL WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK.—Any person, old or young, of either sex, can make from $10 to $30 per week, at home day or evening. Wanted by all! Suitable to either City or Country, and any season of the year. This is a rare opportunity for those who are out of work, and out of money, to make an independent living. No capital being required. Our pamphlet, "How to Make a Living," giving full instructions, sent on receipt of 10 cents. Address A. Burton & Co., Morrisania, Westchester county, N. Y. may 15-deod&w1y

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all

THE CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbuncles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly elimination them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.

J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30sod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suppression of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, druggist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.

TUSKEGEE, ALA.

MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,
HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates; but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.

J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta.
mar30 eodlyr

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine. Send for illustrated circular, to the McKee Manufacturing Company, 309 Broadway, New York. may15-deod&w1y.

NEW ENTERPRISE.—The Centennial Calendar, dated July 1st, 1873, good for one hundred years, and a monthly almanac, embracing eighteen months, from July 1st, 1873, to December 31st, 1874, containing much information relating to the Centennial Celebration of 1876, and the valuable properties of Simmons' Liver Regulator. Four millions are printing, and all for gratuitous circulation. Send a one-cent stamp for a copy to J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia. Druggists supplied upon application.
july22-deod1w&w1t

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, etc., etc., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

J. H SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets,
Philadelphia.
may5— dec25-deodly

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. A ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and court to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York by Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON
ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.
Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA to NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-dtf

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 23TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	2 10 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 38 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	8 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	5 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 30 P M

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	10 10 P M
Leave Charleston at	6 00 P M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 P M
Arrive at Augusta	6 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 6:00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train.

Notice.
STILL AHEAD OF ALL COMPETITION

THOMAS WYNNE'S
Improved Open-Throat, Curved-Breast, Double X Self-Rib-Cleaning-Seed, Premium and Diploma.

COTTON GINS,
With Attached Circle Flat—Open to the World for Trial—$4 per Saw.

I WILL give the good quality of my Improved Gins first place—running light, picking seed clean, ginning fast, turning out good samples, gin green, damp or dirty cotton, without choking—over common gins. I have another Improved Gin for Upland, Long or Short Staple, with Attached Circle Flue, at $4 per saw. Common rib Gin, such as other gin-makers make, at $3 50 per saw, with Attached Circle Flue, purchasers paying freight.

Old Gins repaired, with all my improvements, if required.

My address is Belair, Richmond county, Ga.

ANDERSON, S. C., March 17, 1873.

Messrs. Watson & Bro., Agents for the Wynne Cotton Gin, Anderson Co., S. C:

GENTLEMEN—The Wynne Gin you sold me last September is superior to any Gin it has been my good fortune to operate, though I have had twenty years experience in ginning cotton Gins. It will gin green and damp cotton with less trouble than any other Gin I have ever seen, and in the matter of separating the lint from the seed none other can excel. With the experience of ginning more than two hundred bales this season, I can and do recommend the Wynne Gin to every lover of a good machine. By purchasing the Wynne Gin from you, it enabled me to gin more than triple the amount of cotton I would otherwise have done. I have made in one season clear more than the cost of the Gin. I do unhesitatingly recommend all persons using old gins to set them aside and buy the best (the Wynne Gin)

Respectfully,
W. G. WATSON.

SANDY RUN, BARNWELL Co., S. C., December 14, 1872.

Mr. Thomas Wynne:

DEAR SIR—The Gin I bought of you last November beats any Gin I ever saw. I have in the last twenty-five years used all the gins made, that I have heard of, from Boatwright's first patent to the present date, and I consider yours the best Gin in the United States, and if you wish, I can send to you fifty certificates of good planters that have seen it at work; in short your Gin excels all others invented for any and every sort of cotton, large or small seed, wet or dry, and there is no other improvement needed.

Yours, very respectfully,
ULYSSES SULLIVAN.

CARNSVILLE, FRANKLIN COUNTY, Ga., January 14, 1873.

Mr. Thomas Wynne, Esq:

DEAR SIR—The Gin you shipped me I put to work by water power that would only balance with one and a half (1½) horse power, and I can gin two bags per day, and I can assure you that I never saw a gin that would excel it in cleaning the lint off the seed, and is the same by the lint, not to be excelled, and I think with my (40) forty saw gin, with a (4) four horse power, I could gin (4) four bales per day.

Yours truly,
JAMES S. LATTNER.

PICKENS COUNTY, S. C., July 1st, 1873.

Mr. Thomas Wynne, Esq:

DEAR SIR—The Cotton Gin which I purchased of you last fall gives perfect satisfaction in every respect. It cleans the seed the best of any gin that I ever saw, and separates the moats from the seed the best and cleanest, and runs very light. I can gin five bales on it in a day. All persons that look at it say that they never saw anything that would beat it. The planters of this section like it better than they do the Gullet Gin.

Yours respectfully,
ALFRED SHERIFF.

The above gin has forty saws. july13-d1aw3w,w3t

GEORGIA—FULTON CTUNY.

TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAID COUNTY.

YOUR petitioners, James P. Harrison, W. F. Clark and A. K. Seago, of said county and State, J. S. Lawton, of Monroe county and said State, and D. E. Butler, of Morgan county, and said State, and James Dixon and W. H. Davis, of Richmond county and said State, respectfully apply for a charter incorporating them, their associates and successors for twenty years, as a body politic and corporate, under the name and style of

JAMES P. HARRISON & CO.,

with power by this name to sue and be sued, to have and use a common seal, should they so desire; to hold, purchase and sell such real estate or other property as may be necessary for carrying on the business hereinafter described, and to adopt such a Constitution, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, and amendments thereof, as the stockholders of said corporation may deem advisable and proper to carry out the purpose of said incorporation.

The business of said incorporation is to be Engraving, Lithographing, Printing, Stereotyping, Binding and Publishing Books, Periodicals Newspapers, Blanks, and all other descriptions of work usually done in a Printing and Publishing House; and the purchasing, holding and selling copy-rights of books and other publications.

The capital stock of said corporation is to be Twenty Thousand Dollars, with the privilege of increasing it to Fifty Thousand Dollars. Fifty per cent of Twenty Thousand Dollars has been actually paid in.

The officers of said corporation shall be such as may hereafter be chosen by the stockholders, under such by-laws, rules and regulations as may hereafter be adopted by said stockholders under the authority for which they herein apply.

All written conveyances of property of the said corporation, and all its notes, drafts, acceptances and other evidences of debt, shall be signed by such officers as may be authorized so to do by the by-laws, rules and regulations of said corporation.

The principal office of said company is to be in the city of Atlanta and said county, and your petitioners desire to conduct said business in said city and county, and elsewhere in the State of Georgia.

June 11, 1873. Z. D. HARRISON,
Petitioners' Attorney.

True extract from the minutes.
june12-d1am4m W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

LANIER HOUSE,
B. DUB, Proprietor,
Macon, Georgia.

Free Omnibus to and from the Passenger Depot.
apr25—dtf

IN the District Court of the United States, Northern District of Georgia.—In the matter of Mary Law—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Mary Law, of Hall county, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon her own petition, by the District Court for said district. July 3, 1873.

A. RUDOLPH, Assignee.
july6—d1aw3w Gainesville, Ga.

ATTENTION, SPORTSMEN!
New York State Sportsmen's Association.

Extracts from "Report of Committee on Standard for Shot."

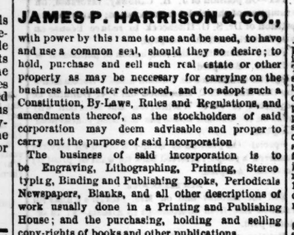
"ALL manufacturers will have eventually to conform, when sportsmen require that their shot shall compare with the *standard of excellence* which your committee has fixed.

"Upon the most critical examination, your committee have determined to adopt as the "AMERICAN STANDARD" the scale presented to us by Messrs. Thos. Ot.s Le Roy & Co., of New York.

R. NEWELL, Chairman,
N. M. SMITH,
F. G. SKINNER.

Sportsmen and dealers desirous of having the above SCALE, or any information relative thereto, can promptly obtain the same by applying to THOS. OTIS LE ROY & CO., New York. june26-dcr3m

SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA WORKS.



THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medallions, and everything in the line of Terra Cotta. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
mar21—dly PELLEGRINI & CASTELBERRY.

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,
BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

JAMES P. HOLCOMBE, LL. D., Principal; WILLIAM H. RIBOW, Associate Principal. The Ninth Annual Session of this School for Young will begin September 10th. Healthy and healthy location. Thorough instruction. Terms moderate. For circulars address the Principals.

PUBLIC SALE
OF THE
Brunswick & Albany
RAILROAD,
(240 MILES LONG,)
IN
Brunswick, Georgia,
ON THE
15th day of October, 1873

UNDER and by virtue of a Verdict and Decree of the Superior Court of Glynn county, Georgia, rendered in the Bill of Equity, filed in said Court at the instance of Rufus E. Bullock, Governor, John T. Brown & Co., M. I. Atkins & Co., Lyon, McLendon & Co., et al. Complainants, vs. Jacob E. Dart, the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company, et al. respondents, the undersigned Commissioners, appointed in said Decree, for that purpose, will,

On the 15th Day of October, 1873,

offer and expose for sale, before the Court House door, IN THE CITY OF BRUNSWICK, county of Glynn, State of Georgia, between 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., to the highest and best bidder, the

BRUNSWICK & ALBANY RAILROAD

extending from the Harbor at Brunswick, at a point known as Dennis' Folly, to the line of the State of Alabama, near the City of Eufaula, in said State—a distance of 240 miles, as well as that part of the same now finished, as that part unfinished, together with the right of way of the same, and the lands, tracks, lines, rails, whatves, piers, walls, fences, bridges, buildings, erections, structures, depots, stations, fixtures, real estate and appurtenances thereto, belonging to said corporation, together with all the locomotives, tenders, cars, carriages, equipments, tools, implements, machinery, and personal property of every description owned by said Corporation, or in any way belonging to or appertaining to the distance, and all the

Franchises and Rights

under it charter now belong ng to said Corporation.

The Road is complete and in good running order from Brunswick to Albany, a distance of One Hundred and Seventy miles, or thereabouts, with Engines, Cars, and other necessary equipments, together with about Fifty miles, nearly completed and ready for the Track, between Albany and Eufaula, with about Three miles of iron laid. The track from Brunswick to Albany is laid with first-class, new and heavy "T" Rail, (mostly English,) the greater portion Fish Bar. The iron supposed to be worth $1,750,000.

Under said Decree the Commissioners are required to make and execute good and sufficient titles to the purchaser, in FEE SIMPLE, free from all claims, debts, demands, liens, bonds, mortgages or incumbrances whatsoever.

Terms of Sale.

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars cash, to be paid on the day of sale, and before the legal hours of sale expires, and the balance as the same may be called in by the said Commissioners. The purchasers to be placed in possession of the property on the payment of the first instalment and to receive titles on the payment of the balance of the purchase money. The first payment to be forfeited on failure therein.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold the

TELEGRAPH LINE!

upon the Right of Way of the said Railroad, now completed from Brunswick to Albany, with all the Poles, Wires, and property of the said Telegraph Line. Terms—CASH.

O. A. LOCHRANE,
A. HOOD,
R. R. HINES,
A. O. BACON,
JOHN C. NICHOLLS,
J. J. HARRIS,
Commissioners.
july24—d1aw90d tds

BRILLIANT SUCCESS!
THE NASHVILLE REPUBLICAN BANNER,
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED
NEWSPAPER IN TENNESSEE.

IF YOU WISH TO SUBSCRIBE TO A FIRST-class daily, tri-weekly or weekly family newspaper, take the NASHVILLE REPUBLICAN BANNER, issued from the Capital and commercial center of Tennessee—the oldest established paper in Tennessee, enjoying the largest circulation, and conceded to be the best newspaper, in all respects, published South of the Ohio. It has acquired distinction with the public and among its contemporaries, for its enterprise in securing the freshest news and the coolest and convenient manner of presenting it; for its accuracy as a market reporter; for the progressive spirit and conservative tone of its political teachings; for being a live, independent and sincere political journal, thoroughly identified with the political and material interest of its State and section. It gives 10,000 words of telegraph, from all parts of the world daily—the best market report, the freshest local news—and its originality is its distinctive specialty.

The BANNER will strive to keep pace with the progress of the times and to be an accurate and life-like exponent of all occurring around us. It will note all affairs of National, State or local interest, and all the interesting events occurring in the country at large and abroad. It will contain full reports of the next Tennessee General Assembly and proceedings of the next Congress, which everybody will wish to see. As a vehicle for the transmission of news and intelligence on every subject, it will commend itself to readers of all shades of political faith. Its editorial corps is large and composed of writers who have made journalism a profession, their particular department a specialty, and who bring to their labors the earnestness which results from its being their life-long calling. Neither labor nor expense will be spared to obtain the latest intelligence, whether local, domestic or foreign, and a liberal use of the telegraph will make each issue a compact and comprehensive history of the "world's doings." As a newspaper it aims to be surpassed by none in life and enterprise. In tone and sympathies and aims, it will be as conservative as from the beginning of its career. We shall go on as we have begun, and we hope the public, as far as the mails that communicate with us are concerned, will go on as it has begun. The Banner for the coming twelve months will be an improvement on the last. We design it for the best newspaper within reach of its circle of patrons and leave the issue to their kind opinion.

THE TRI-WEEKLY BANNER

will contain the cream of the news of the Daily with its telegraphic dispatches and market reports.

THE WEEKLY BANNER,

a complete compendium of the news of the Daily and Tri-Weekly issues, will be a first-class family Literary journal—an instructive and entertaining weekly visitor to the Family Circle.

The several editions of the Republican Banner are issued from the office at the following terms of subscription:

BY MAIL, OR AT THE COUNTER.

Daily, 12 months in advance	$10 00
" 6 " "	5 50
" 3 " "	2 50
" 1 " "	1 00
" 1 week "	50
Tri-Weekly 12 months, in advance	$5 00
Tri-Weekly 6 months, in advance	2 50
Tri-Weekly 3 months, in advance	1 25
Weekly 12 months, in advance	2 00
Weekly 6 months, in advance	1 00
Weekly 3 months, in advance	25

Single copies 5 cents; to dealers at 3½ cents per copy.

A complimentary extra copy furnished with every club of ten cash subscribers for any proposed edition.

Specimen copies sent to any address on application.

A liberal commission allowed to canvassers.

Postmasters everywhere are requested to aid our circulation.

Remit through the mails by money order or by express.

Subscribers will please notify us of mail irregularities.

No paper sent after subscription term expires except by cash renewal. Address
ROBERTS & PURVIS,
july20 dtf Nashville, Tennessee.

Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, and everything under his charge, from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases peculiar to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period, not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DEPRESSION, DISAGREEABLE DERANGEMENT, REMITTAM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

Price, 50 cents a Box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

N. C. WILLIAMS,
Address Post-office Box 949, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets Atlanta Ga. may14-d3mo

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

By Our Narrow Gauge!

We are now receiving, and have also in store, full stocks of CORN, MEAT AND LARD, TIMOTHY AND MIXED HAY, NO. 1 MACKEREL IN KITS, COD FISH.

FRESH LIME, PLASTERING HAIR.

—ALSO—

NEW FLOUR OF BEST QUALITY:

Every sack guaranteed, and prices low as the lowest. Having the Sole Agency in Atlanta of

BEST FLOURING MILL IN GEORGIA.

of same capacity, and we are prepared to supply city and country trade, and will give special rates to purchasers on car load lots.

Fresh Water-ground Meal and choice Tennessee Butter received daily. Send in your orders.

STEPHENS & FLYNN,
Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN C. WHITNER,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

Represents most Reliable Companies.

Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company.
INCORPORATED 1810.

Cash Capital - - - -	$1,000,000 00
Cash Assets, January 1, 1873 - -	2,204,396 54

JNO. C. WHITNER, Agent,
38 Broad street, Atlanta Ga.

Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company,
INCORPORAAED 1849.

Cash Capital - - - -	$ 500,000 00
Cash Assets, January 1, 1873 - -	1,070,742 00

JNO. C. WHITNER, Agent,
38 Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Company.
INCORPORATED 1821.

Cash Assets Over - - - - -	$500,000

JNO. C. WHITNER, Agent.
38 Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route!
REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.

DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION
—VIA—
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,
AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA
Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,
—AND THE—
MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,
CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA.

The equipment of the Roads of this [illegible] is First-Class;

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains.

DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upon entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia.

By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon or Atlanta, passengers connect with the 5:30 P. M. train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the connections via Richmond, or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,

But One Night Railway Travel

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON.

Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.

Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routes at all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be Sure They Read that Way.

And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.

Remember that this is the Only Route that Gives the Bay Line Connection.

For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all information, apply to the following named agents of the line

C. L. TROWBRIDGE, Southern Passenger Agent,
H. M. COTTINGHAM, General Western Agent, Atlanta.
F. W. CLARK, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
A. POPE, G. P. & T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
may3-d6m

NOTICE.
Limited Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a limited partnership under and pursuant to section 1916 of the Revised Code of Georgia. The general partners are Andrew J. West and Henry B. Edwards, and the special partner James M. Ball, all of the city of Atlanta, Georgia, under the firm name and style of

WEST & EDWARDS,

For the purpose of conducting a

Wholesale Grocery
—AND—
Commission Business,

In the city of Atlanta, Georgia.

The said James M. Ball, special partner, has contributed to the capital stock Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, in cash, actually paid in.

Said partnership to date from July 1st, 1873, and continue for three years.

ANDREW J. WEST, } General Partners.
HENRY B. EDWARDS, }
JAMES M. BALL, Special Partner.
july31—d1aw6w

South Carolina Railroad
CHARLESTON, December 14, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	9:30 A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30 P M
Leaves Augusta	9:00 A M
Arrive at Charleston	4:45 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Charleston	8:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:35 A M
Leaves Augusta	6:15 P
Arrives at Charleston	5:50 A

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9:00 A M
Arrives at Columbia	5:30 P M
Leaves Columbia	9:00 A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6:15 P M
Arrives at Columbia	6:30 A M
Leaves Columbia	7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:30 A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this train.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

E. R. PECKHAM, General Ticket Agent.
jan8-tf

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Gregg's store. mar29-dtm

KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA,
BY FLETCHER & PREYER.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.30 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9.15 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.15 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.45 A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6.00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	7.30 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4.25 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	3.45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.20 P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5.45 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.20 P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	4.35 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12.20 A. M
Leaves Dalton	2.30 A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9.50 A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	11 30 P M
Arrives at West Point	1 10 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 40 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30 P M
Arrives